Washington, Thursday, September 16, 1954

TITLE 7-AGRICULTURE

Chapter IV—Federal Crop Insurance Corporation, Department of Agriculture

[Amdt. 16]

Part 420-Multiple Crop Insurance

SUBPART—REGULATIONS FOR THE 1950 AND SUCCEEDING CROP YEARS

MISCELLANEOUS AMENDMENTS

The above identified regulations, as amended (14 F R. 5303, 6787, 7827 15 F. R. 2485, 2622, 3077, 4161, 9033, 9271, 16 F R. 579, 4300, 4829, 12111, 12765; 17 F. R. 2110, 2385, 3265, 3671, 5082, 5933, 8206, 10537, 11257, 11379; 18 F R. 151, 440, 3634, 4418, 6282, 6992, 7222, 8080, 8530; 19 F. R. 470, 509, 2287, 3017, 5604), are hereby amended, effective beginning with the 1955 crop year, as follows:

1. The table contained in § 420.24, as amended, is amended by changing the closing date for all counties in Oregon to November 30 and for all counties in Utah to March 31, and establishing a closing date of March 31 for all counties in Indiana and Ohio.

2. Section 420.35 is deleted.

3. Section 420.36 is amended to read as follows:

§ 420.36 Separate crop protection. Notwithstanding any other provisions of this subpart to the contrary, the Manager of the Corporation is authorized, in counties designated by him, in any case the insured so elects, to determine premium(s) and indemnity(ies) as though each crop insured were the only crop insured under the contract. For the first crop year of a contract the election must be made at the time the application for insurance is filed. For any subsequent crop year, an election may be made or rescinded by notifying the county office in writing prior to the cancellation date for the crop year the change is to become effective. The combination of insurance units provided for in section 13 of the policy shall not be permitted in counties designated under this section.

(Secs. 506, 516, 52 Stat. 73, 77, as amended; 7 U. S. C. 1506, 1516. Interpret or apply secs. 507, 503, 509, 52 Stat. 73, 74, 75, as amended, 7 U.S. C. 1507, 1508, 1509)

Adopted by the Board of Directors on September 9, 1954,

[SEAL]

C. S. LAIDLAW,

Secretary Federal Crop Insurance Corporation.

Approved on September 10, 1954.

True D. Morse, Acting Secretary.

IF. R. Doc. 54-7271; Flied, Sept. 15, 1954; 8:51 a. m.]

Chapter IX—Agricultural Marketing Service (Marketing Agreements and Orders), Department of Agriculture

PART 997-FILBERTS GROWN IN OREGON AND WASHINGTON

SALABLE, SURPLUS, AND WITHHOLDING PERCENTAGES

Notice of proposed rule making with respect to the fixing of salable, surplus, and withholding percentages of merchantable filberts for the fiscal year beginning August 1, 1954, was published in the Federal Register of August 23, 1954 (19 F R. 5523), pursuant to the provisions of Marketing Agreement No. 115 and Order No. 97, as amended, regulating the handling of filberts grown in Oregon and Washington (19 F. R. 1163) In said notice, in which it was proposed to fix the salable percentage of merchantable filberts at 78 percent, the sur-plus percentage at 22 percent, and the withholding percentage at 28 percent, for the fiscal year beginning August 1, 1954, opportunity was afforded interested persons to submit to the Department written data, views, or arguments for consideration prior to final issuance of a rule fixing the percentages. No such documents were received during the prescribed period.

Therefore, after consideration of all relevant matters, the administrative rule is as follows:

§ 997.204 Salable, surplus, and withholding percentages for merchantable filberts. For the fiscal year beginning August 1, 1954, the salable percentage of

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merchantable filberts shall be 78 percent, the surplus percentage shall be 22 percent, and the withholding percentage shall be 28 percent.

It is hereby found and determined that good cause exists for making this document effective upon its publication in the Federal Register instead of waiting 30 days after publication for the reasons that (1) it is desirable that the percentages be fixed prior to the handling of filberts in the 1954-55 fiscal year, (2) such handling is about to bogin, and (3) compliance with this administrative rule will not require handlers to make any advance preparation of a special nature.

(Sec. 5, 49 Stat. 753, as amended, 7 U.S. C.

Issued at Washington, D. C., this 13th day of September 1954, to become effective upon publication in the FEDERAL REGISTER.

[SEAL] G. R. GRANGE, Acting Director, Fruit and Vegetable Division. [F. R. Doc. 54-7270; Filed, Sept. 15, 1954;

8:51 a. m.]

TITLE 21—FCOD AND DRUGS

Chapter I-Food and Drug Administration, Department of Health, Education, and Welfare

PART 141e-BACITRACIN AND BACITRACIN-CONTAINING DRUGS: TESTS AND METHODS OF ASSAY

PART 146a—CERTIFICATION OF PENICILLIN AND PENICILLIN-CONTAINING DRUGS

PART 146e—CERTIFICATION OF BACITRACIN AND BACITRACIN-CONTAINING DRUGS

DISCRIGANEOUS AMENDMENTS

By virtue of the authority vested in the Secretary by the provisions of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (Sec. 507, 59 Stat. 463, as amended by 61 Stat. 11, 63 Stat. 409, 67 Stat. 389; sec. 701, 52 Stat. 1055; 21 U.S. C. 357, 371, 67 Stat. 18) the regulations for tests and methods of assay for antibiotic and antibiotic-containing drugs (21 CFR Part 141e; 19 F R. 1141) and certification of antibiotic and antibioticcontaining drugs (21 CFR Parts 146a, 146e; 19 F R. 673, 1141, 2140, 3323) are amended as indicated below.

- 1. In § 141e.403 Bacitracin tablets, paragraph (a) Potency is amended by changing the first sentence to read: "Proceed as directed in § 141e.401 (a) except § 141e.401 (a) (3) and in lieu of the directions in § 141e.401 (a) (1) (iii) place 5 tablets in a blending jar and add thereto 125 milliliters of 1-percent phosphate buffer pH 6.0. After blending for 1 minute with a high-speed blender, add an additional 125 milliliters of buffer to the blender. Blend again for 1 minute and make the proper estimated dilutions in 1-percent phosphate buffer pH 6.0."

 2. Section 141e.404 is amended by
- changing the headnote and paragraph (a) to read:
- § 141e.404 Bacitracin troches; zinc bacitracin troches—(a) Potency. Proceed as directed in § 141e.403 (a). The average potency of the troche is satisfactory if it is not less than 85 percent of the number of units per troche that it is represented to contain.
- 3. Section 141e.406 is amended by changing the headnote and paragraph (a) to read:
 - § 141e.406 Bacitracia - tyrothricia troches, zinc bacitracin-tyrothricin troches—(a) Potency. Proceed as directed in § 141e.403 (a) Its content of Its content of bacitracin or zinc bacitracin is satisfactory if it contains not less than 85 percent of the number of units per troche that it is represented to contain.
 - 4. Section 141e.410 (a) (1) (ii) 1s amended to read:
 - § 141e.410 Bacitracin-neomycin tablets—(a) Tablets—(1) Potency. * * *
 (ii) Neomycin content. Place 5 tablets in a blending jar and add thereto 200 milliliters of a 500-milliliter quantity of 0.10-percent phosphate buffer pH 8.0. After blending for 1 minute with a highspeed blender, add the remainder of the buffer. Blend again for 1 minute and make the proper estimated dilutions in the buffer and proceed as directed in

paragraph (b) (1) of this section. Its prepared in subparagraph (2) of this content of neomycin is satisfactory if it contains not less than 85 percent of the number of milligrams of activity that it is represented to contain.

- Section 141e.413 is revised to read:
- § 141e.413 Bacitracin-neomycin tro-ches, zine bacitracin-neomycin troches—(a) Potency—(1) Content of bacitracin and zinc bacitracin. Proceed as directed in § 141e.404 (a) Its content of bacitracin or zinc bacitracin is satisfactory if it contains not less than 85 percent of the number of units per troche that it is represented to contain.
- (2) Neomycin content. Proceed as directed in § 141e.410 (a) (1) (ii) content of neomycin is satisfactory if it contains not less than 85 percent of the number of milligrams that it is represented to contain.
- (b) Moisture. Proceed as directed in § 141a.5 (a) of this chapter.
 - Section 141e.415 is revised to read:
- § 141e.415 Bacitracin-polymyxin tro-ches, zinc bacitracin-polymyxin tro--(a) Potency—(1) Polymyzin content. Dissolve 5 troches in a small amount of 1-percent phosphate buffer pH 6.0, then add sufficient buffer to five a concentration of 100 units per milliliter and proceed as directed in § 141b.112 (b) (1) of this chapter. Its content of polymyxin is satisfactory if it contains not less than 85 percent of the number of units that it is represented to contain.
- (2) Content of bacitracin and zinc bacitracin. Using an aliquot of the solution prepared in subparagraph (1) of this paragraph, proceed as directed in § 141e.401 (a) (1) Its content of bacitracin or zine bacitracin is satisfactory if it contains not less than 05 percent of the number of units that it is represented to contain.
- (b) Moisture. Proceed as directed in § 141a.5 (a) of this chapter.
 - 7. Section 141e.419 is revised to read:
- § 141e.419 Bacitracin-neomycin-polymyxin troches, zinc-bacitracin-ncomy-cin-polymyxin troches—(a) Potency— (1) Neomycin content. Proceed as directed in § 141e.410 (a) (1) (ii) Its content of neomycin is satisfactory if it contains not less than 85 percent of the number of milligrams of activity that it is represented to contain.
- (2) Polymyxin content. Proceed as directed in § 141e.415 (a) (1), except calculate from the quantity of neomycin found (using the method prescribed in subparagraph (1) of this paragraph) the quantity of neomycin that would be present when the sample is diluted to contain 100 units of polymyxin (labeled potency) per milliliter. Prepare the polymyxin standard curve by adding this calculated quantity of neomycin to each concentration of polymyxin used for the curve. Use this standard curve to cal-culate the polymyxin content of the sample. Its content of polymykin is satisfactory if it contains not less than 85 percent of the number of units that it is represented to contain.
- (3) Content of bacitracin or zinc bacitracin. Using an aliquot of the solution

- paragraph, proceed as directed in § 1410.401 (a) (1) Its content of beettracin or zine bacitracin is satisfactory if it contains not less than 85 percent of the number of units that it is represented to contain.
- (b) Moisture. Proceed as directed in § 141a.5 (a) of this chapter.
 - C. Section 141e.420 is revised to read:
- § 141e.420 Bacitracin-twothrian-neomyein troches, zine bacitraein-tyrothricin-neomycin troches; potency and moisture. Proceed as directed in § 141e. 413 (a) and (b).
- 9. In § 146a.27 Penieillin tablets, paragraph (a) Standards of identity * * * is amended by changing the first sentence and adding thereafter a new centence, to read as follows: "Pemeillin tablets are tablets composed of sodium penicillin, calcium penicillin, potassum penicillin, crystalline panicillin O, banzathine penicillin G, or procaine penicillin, with or without one or more suitable analgesic substances, antihistamınıcs, and casseme and with or without one or more suitable and harmless buffer substances, diluents, binders, lubricants, colorings, and flavorings. They may also contain probanecid or one or more suitable sulfonamides."
- 10. Section 1462.28 Crystalline penicillin G oral suspension * * amended in the following respects:
 - a. Paragraph (a) is amended to read:
- (a) Crystalline penicillin G oral suspencion is crystalline penicillin G sodium or potacsium penicillin G and one or more suitable and harmless suspending or dispersing agents and preservatives, with or without probenecid or one or more suitable sulfonamides and suitable and harmless buffer substances, colorings, and flavorings, suspended in a suitable and harmless vehicle. Its potency is not less than 20,000 units per milliliter. Its moisture content is not more than 1.0 percent. The crystalline penicillin used conforms to § 1463.24 (a), except § 1463.24 (a) (2) and (4). Each other substance used, if its name is recognized in the U.S.P. or N.F., conforms to the standards prescribed therefor by such official compandium.
- b. Paragraph (c) (1) (iii) and (3) are amended to read as follows:
 - (c) Labeling, * * * (1) * * *
- (ili) The name of each buffer substance, the quantity of probenecid, and the name and quantity of each sulfonamide and preservative used in malang the batch.
- (3) On the label and labeling, if it contains, in addition to penicillin, one or more of the other active ingredients specified in paragraph (a) of this section, after the name "crystalline pencillin G oral suspension," wherever it appears, the words "with———— (the blank being filled in with the common or usual name of each such other ingredient) " in juxtaposition with such name.
- 11. Section 146e.404 Bacitracin troches is amended in the following respects:

- a. The section headnote and paragraph (a) are amended to read as follows:
- § 146e.404 Bacitracin troches, zinc bacitracin troches—(a) Standards of identity, strength, quality, and purity. Bacitracin troches and zinc bacitracin troches are troches composed of bacitraein or zinc bacitracin, with or without ethyl aminobenzoate and with or without one or more suitable and harmless diluents, binders, lubricants, colorings, and flavorings. The potency of each troche in not less than 500 units. Its moisture content is not more than 5 percent. The bactiracin used conforms to the requirements of § 146e.401 (a) except § 146e.401 (a) (1) (2) and (4) but its potency is not less than 30 units per milligram. The zinc bacitracin used conforms to the requirements of § 146e.418 (a) Each other substance used, if its name is recognized in the U.S. P or N. F., conforms to the standards prescribed therefor by such official compen-
- b. Paragraph (b) *Packaging* is amended by deleting the words "bacitracin" from the first sentence.
- c. Paragraph (c) *Labeling* is amended by deleting the word "bacitracin" from the introduction to the paragraph.
- d. Paragraph (c) (1) (ii) is amended by inserting the words "or zinc bacitracin" between the words "of bacitracin" and "and if."
- e. In paragraph (d) Request for certification * * * subparagraph (1) is amended by deleting the words "of bactracin troches" and by changing the words "bactracin used in making" to read "bactracin or zinc bactracin used in making"
- f. Paragraph (d) (2) (ii) is amended to read:
- (ii) The bacitracin or zinc bacitracin used in making the batch; potency, moisture, toxicity, pH, and zinc content, if it is zinc bacitracin.
- g. Paragraph (d) (3) is amended by renumbering subdivision (iii) as (iv) and inserting the following new subdivision (iii) between subdivision (ii) and renumbered subdivision (iv)
- (iii) The zinc bacitracin used in making the batch; five packages, each containing approximately equal portions of not less than 1.0 gram, packaged in accordance with the requirements of § 146e.418 (b)
- h. Paragraph (e) Fees is amended by deleting the words "of bacitracin troches" from the introduction to the paragraph.
- 12. Section 146e.406 Bacitracin ty-rothricin troches is amended as follows:
- a. The section headnote, the introduction to paragraph (a) and paragraph (a) (1) are amended to read:
- § 146e.406 Bacıtracın-tyrothricin troches, zinc bacitracın-tyrothricin troches. (a) Bacitracın-tyrothricin troches and zinc bacitracın-tyrothricin troches conform to all requirements and are subject to all procedures prescribed by § 146e.404 for bacitracın troches and zinc bacitracın troches, except that:
- (1) Each troche contains not less than 50 units of bacitracin or zinc bacitracin.

- b. Paragraph (b) is amended by inserting after the words "bacitracin troches" the words "and zinc bacitracin troches" and by inserting the words "or zinc bacitracin" after "units of bacitracin"
- 13. Section 146e.413 Bacitracin-neo-mycin troches is amended as follows:
- a. The section headnote, introduction to the section, and paragraph (a) are amended to read:
- § 146e.413 Bacitracin-neomycin troches, zinc bacitracin-neomycin troches. Bacitracin-neomycin troches and zinc bacitracin-neomycin troches conform to all requirements and are subject to all procedures prescribed by § 146e.410 for bacitracin-neomycin tablets, except that:
- (a) Each troche contains not less than 200 units of bacitracin or zinc bacitracin. The zinc bacitracin used conforms to the requirements prescribed by § 146e.418 (a)
- b. Section 146e.413 is further amended by adding the following new paragraphs:
- (e) If zinc bacitracin is used in the manufacture of the batch, the person who requests certification of a batch shall submit with his request results and the dates of the latest tests of the zinc bacitracin used in making the batch for potency, toxicity, moisture, pH, and zinc content. He shall also submit in connection with his request (unless it was previously submitted) a sample consisting of 5 packages, each containing approximately 1.0 gram of the zinc bacitracin used in making the batch.
- (f) The fee for the services rendered with respect to each package of the sample submitted in accordance with paragraph (e) of this section shall be \$4.00.
- 14. Section 146e.415 Bacitracin-poly-myxin troches is amended as follows:
- a. The section headnote, the introduction to the section, and paragraph (a) are amended to read:
- § 146e.415 Bacitracin-polymyxin troches, zinc bacitracin-polymyxin troches. Bacitracin-polymyxin troches and zinc bacitracin-polymyxin troches conform to all requirements and are subject to all procedures prescribed by § 146e.404 for bacitracin troches and zinc bacitracin troches, except that:
- (a) Each troche contains not less than 50 units of bacitracih or zinc bacitracin.
- b. Paragraph (d) is amended by changing the words "bacitracin troches" to read "bacitracin troches and zinc bacitracin troches"
- 15. Section 146e.420 Bacitracin-tyrothricin-neomycin troches is amended as follows:
- a. The section headnote, the introduction to the section, and paragraph (a) are amended to read:
- § 146e.420 Bacitracin-tyrothricin-neomycin troches, zinc bacitracin-tyrothricin-neomycin troches. Bacitracin-tyrothricin-neomycin troches and zinc bacitracin-tyrothricin-neomycin troches conform to all requirements and are subject to all procedures prescribed by § 146e.413 for bacitracin-neomycin troches or zinc bacitracin-neomycin troches, except that:

- (a) Each troche contains not less than 50 units of bacitracin of zinc bacitracin.
- b. Paragraph (c) is amended by inserting after the words "bacitracinneomycin troches" the words "and zinc bacitracin-neomycin troches"

(Sec. 701, 52 Stat. 1055; 21 U. S. C. 371)

Notice and public procedure are not necessary prerequisites to the promulgation of this order, and I so find, since it was drawn in collaboration with interested members of the affected industry and since it would be against public interest to delay providing for the amendments set forth above.

This order shall become effective upon publication in the Federal Register, since both the public and the affected industry will benefit by the earliest offective date, and I so find.

Dated: September 9, 1954.

[SEAL] OVETA CULP HOBBY, Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 54-7253; Filed, Sept. 15, 1954; 8:48 a. m.]

TITLE 32—NATIONAL DEFENSE

Chapter V-Department of the Army

Subchapter B—Claims and Accounts

PART 536—CLAIMS AGAINST THE UNITED STATES

MILITARY PAYMENT CERTIFICATES

Sections 536,79 through 536.84 are rescinded and the following substituted therefor:

sec.

536.79 General.

536.80 Limitations.

536.81 Payment of personnel and dependents in and under Department of Defense in certain oversea commands.

536.82 Conversion of military payment certificates into dollar instruments or foreign currency.

536.83 Conversion of military payment certificates outside designated areas. 536.84 Conversion of dollar instruments into military payment certificates.

AUTHORITY: §§ 536.79 to 536.84 issued under sec. 3, 58 Stat. 921; 50 U. S. O. App. 1707.

DERIVATION: AR 35-510, August 20, 1954.

§ 536.79 General—(a) Areas. Military payment certificates will be used for payments to United States and other authorized personnel and as the official medium of exchange for all transactions within establishments of the Armed Forces of the United States in the following areas:

Austria Belgium France Free Territory of Trieste French Morocco Germany Greece Iceland Italy Iwo Jima Japan and outlying Islands Korea Philippine Islands Ryukyu Islands Tripoli United Kingdom Yugoslavia

- (b) Definitions—(1) United States dollar instruments. United States dollar instruments are defined as follows:
- (i) United States Treasury checks (standard dollar checks) drawn on the Treasurer of the United States by authorized disbursing officers of the United
- (ii) Traveler's checks usued by the American Express Company, the Bank of America National Trust and Savings Association, the Mellon National Bank and Trust Company, the National City Bank of New York, and Thomas Cook and Son (Bankers) Ltd., when expressed in United States dollars.

(iii) United States military disbursing officers' payment orders.

- (iv) American Express Company money orders, when expressed in United States dollars, and United States postal money orders.
- (v) Telegraphic money orders, when expressed in United States dollars.
- (2) Military payment certificate. The military payment certificate is defined as an instrument, denominated in United States dollars or fractions thereof, which is the official medium of exchange in all establishments in areas designated by the Secretary of the Army. Military payment certificates are issued in denominations of 5 cents, 10 cents, 25 cents, 50 cents, \$1, \$5, and \$10.
- (3) Authorized personnel. Authorized personnel who come under the provisions of §§ 536.79-536.84 and who may utilize military payment certificates and dollar instruments defined herein, subject to limitations prescribed in § 536.80, are:
- (i) Military and Naval personnel of the United States Government.
- (ii) Reserve members on active duty and those on active duty for training. subject to the limitation set forth in § 536.80 (g)
- (iii) Civilians, who are citizens of the United States, employed, directly or indirectly through contractors, by the Department of Defense.
- (iv) Civilians, who are citizens of the United States and employed directly by agencies of the United States Government, other than by the Department of Defense, when authorized by the appropriate oversea commander.

(v) Dependents of personnel included in subdivisions (i) through (iv) of this subparagraph, but subject to the limita-

tions set forth in § 536.80.

(vi) Civilians, other than those who are citizens of the country whose currency is legal tender in the area, directly employed by the Department of Defense, when authorized by the appropriate oversea commander.

(vii) Civilians, other than those who are citizens of the country whose currency is legal tender in the area, who are employed by quasi-official organizations in or under the Department of Defense and working for the benefit of the members of the Armed Forces of the United States, when authorized by the appropriate oversea commander. Examples are the Army and Air Force Exchange Service and its exchanges: United Service Organizations, Inc., American Red Cross clubs and facilities: unit clubs: enlisted personnel and officers' club and messes; and the Central Welfare Fund of any given major oversea command.

(viii) Personnel attached to the headquarters of any United States military or naval unit, who, in the opinion of the appropriate oversea commander concerned, can best perform their mission by having access to Department of Defense facilities, when specifically authorized by such oversea commander.

(ix) Retired military personnel who are citizens of the United States.

- (4) Oversea commander The term "oversea commander," as used in §§ 536.79 to 536.84, is defined as the commanding general of a major oversea command.
- (5) Oversea staff finance officer. The term "oversea staff finance officer," as used in §§ 536.79 to 536.84, includes the chief of a finance division, the comptroller, or the chief finance officer on the staff of the commanding general of an oversea command.
- (c) General provisions—Use of military payment certificates. (1) In such areas as the Secretary of the Army decignates, disbursing officers and their agents are authorized to disburse military payment certificates for pay and allowances of authorized personnel, and for all other authorized payments to individuals in and under the Department of Defense, as set forth in this section.

(2) In areas in which military payment certificates are in use, such are the only authorized medium of exchange:

- (i) In all Army, Navy, and Air Force sales and services installations and activities.
- (ii) In theaters and other entertainment facilities operated by the Dapartment of Defense.
- (iii) In officers' and enlisted perconnel messes and clubs, including American Red Cross installations.
- (iv) For contributions for all charitable purposes including all authorized charitable appeals, church collections, and chaplain's funds, whenever ultimate remittance to the United States through Department of Defense channels is involved.
- (v) For payments to all travel agencies, radio, cable, telegraph and telephone companies, and all other facilities of similar types, wherever ultimate remittance to the United States through Department of Defense channels is involved.
- (vi) In Army, Navy, and Air Force postal installations for the purchase of postal money orders and stamps and the cashing of postal money orders.
- (vii) In all other official agencies, quasi-official and private agencies of or working in behalf of United States Armed Forces providing goods, services, and facilities to members of United States Armed Forces.
- (3) No foreign currency or coin will be accepted in any of the facilities listed above. Acceptance of United States currency and coin in such facilities will be limited exclusively to those areas in which individuals in and under the Department of Defense are paid in United States currency.
- (d) Convertibility of military payment certificates. Disbursing officers and their

agents are authorized to exchange dollar instruments for military payment certificates, or military payment cartificates for dollar instruments, for persons authorized to be in passession of military payment certificates, as set forth in this section.

- (e) Transactions between Army disbursing officers and disbursing officers of other services. Army disbursing officers and their agents are authorized to exchange dollar instruments for military payment certificates, or military payment certificates for dollar instruments, in transactions with disbursing officers of the United States Navy and the United States Air Force and their agents; and with such other disbursing officers of the United States Government and their agents as may be authorized specifically by oversea commanders.
- § 536.00 Limitations. (a) The military payment certificate is for use only in the Department of Defense by authorized perconnel, in accordance with applicable rules and regulations.
- (b) Possession or use of military payment certificates is prohibited unless acquired pursuant to the regulations contained in §3 536.79 to 536.84, and such additional regulations as may be promulgated by the oversea commander concerned.
- (c) Military payment certificates may be acquired, possessed, and used by authorized perconnel incident to normal legitimate transactions within the Department of Defense, not in violation of Department of the Army directives, major oversea command directives, and the Uniform Code of Military Justice.
- (d) Under no circumstances will authorized personnel or disbursing officers accept military payment certificates from, transfer military payment certificates to, or exchange military payment certificates for persons other than authorized personnel, or accept or exchange military payment certificates after the date designated by the Secretary of the Army for their acceptance or exchange.
- (e) Individuals are prohibited from transmitting military payment certificates through the mails in connection with perconal affairs not involving official agencies. Individuals desiring to transmit funds will use any of the methods currently provided for such transmission.
- (f) The disbursement of military payment certificates to authorized personnel referred to in § 536.79 (b) (3) (vi) (vii) and (viii) is limited to the amount thereof determined by the oversea commander to be necessary.
- (g) The disbursement of military pavment certificates to authorized personnel referred to in § 536.79 (b) (3) (ii) is limited to \$50 for each individual, to be issued in quarterly periods. However, no limitation is placed on the number of purchases which may be made by an individual during the quarterly period, except that the total sum of all military payment certificates issued during the period may not exceed \$50.
- § 536.81 Payment of personnel and dependents in and under Department of Defense in certain oversea commands-(a) Medium of disbursement. Disburse-

ments specified in paragraph (b) of this section to authorized personnel defined in § 536.79 (b) (3) will be made in military payment certificates.

(b) Types of disbursements. Disbursements falling within the purview of this section are:

(1) Regular monthly pay and allowances.

(2) Partial payments.

(3) Per diem or reimbursement of expenses incident to official travel.

(4) Station or living allowances, where specifically authorized.

(5) Class E and class Q allotments, when specifically authorized.

(6) All other authorized payments to individuals in and under the Department of Defense.

§ 536.82 Conversion of military payment certificates into dollar instruments or foreign currency. Under the conditions set forth in paragraphs (a) through (h) of this section, authorized personnel may exchange military payment certificates, in amounts legitimately in their possession for United States currency or coin, dollar instruments, or foreign currencies:

(a) United States dollar currency or coin. Upon departure for:

(1) The United States.

(2) Areas where United States dollar currency has been determined by the Secretary of the Army to be used, consistent with local foreign exchange control regulations.

(b) United States Treasury checks. When traveling under competent orders to areas in which disbursing officers and class B agent officers and military attache disbursing officers are not readily available.

(c) United States postal money orders. Issued in accordance with regulations of the United States Post Office Department by United States Army postal officers or their agents.

(d) United States savings bonds.

(e) Military payment orders.

(f) Authorized foreign currency. Disbursing officers and their agents will convert military payment certificates or authorized United States dollar instruments into authorized foreign currency for the accommodation of authorized personnel designated in § 536.79 (b) (3) The rate of exchange to be used will be the rate of exchange at which the local currency was obtained.

(g) American Express Company money orders. When expressed in United States dollars.

(h) Travelers' checks. As defined in § 536.79 (b) (i) (ii) or bank drafts when expressed in United States dollars and purchases through established United States banking facilities.

§ 536.83 Conversion of military payment certificates outside designated (a) The provisions of § 536.82 areas. will not be construed as authority for disbursing officers and their agents outside of the areas listed in § 536.79 (a) to convert military payment certificates into dollars or dollar instruments for authorized personnel returning from the countries so listed. Regulations in effect in those areas require that such exchange be made on or before the date the individual departs.

(b) The following is the only exception to paragraph (a) of this section: Military payment certificates presented to the summary court officer, such certificates having been taken from the effects of an individual whose death occurred on or before the date the series of military payment certificates so presented were withdrawn from circulation, will be forwarded to the Finance Office, U. S. Army, Oakland Army Base, Oakland 14, California, for exchange, provided the amount is not in excess of \$500 and there is no evidence that the military payment certificates were acquired illegally. Amounts in excess of \$500 will be forwarded by the summary court officer to the Chief of Finance, Department of the Army Washington 25, D. C., for decision regarding exchange thereof.

§ 536.84 Conversion of dollar instruments into military payment certificates. Authorized personnel may exchange United States dollar currency and coin and the following types of dollar instruments, only if acquired and held in accordance with existing regulations. into military payment certificates:

(a) United States postal and American Express Company money orders.

(b) United States Treasury checks. (c) United States dollar travelers' checks as specified in § 536.79 (b) (1) (ii)

(d) Military payment orders.

(e) Telegraphic money orders when expressed in United States dollars.

[SEAL] JOHN A. KLEIN, Major General, U S. Army, The Adjutant General.

[F. R. Doc. 54-7269; Filed, Sept. 15, 1954; 8:51 a. m.]

TITLE 43—PUBLIC LANDS: **INTERIOR**

Chapter I-Bureau of Land Management, Department of the Interior

[Circ. 1881]

PART 257-LEASE OR SALE OF SMALL TRACTS. NOT EXCEEDING FIVE ACRES, FOR HOME, CABIN, CAMP HEALTH. CONVALESCENT. RECREATIONAL, OR BUSINESS SITES

MINERALS; TIMBER

follows:

§ 257.15 Minerals; timber (a) Any lease or patent issued under the act will reserve to the United States all deposits of coal, oil, gas, or other minerals, together with the right to prospect for, mine, and remove the same under such regulations as the Secretary may prescribe. Any minerals subject to the leasing laws in the lands patented or leased under the terms of the act may be disposed of to any qualified person under applicable laws and regulations in force at the time of such disposal. No provision is made at this time to prospect for, mine, or remove the other kinds of minerals that may be found in such lands; and until rules and regulations have been issued, such reserved deposits will not be subject to prospecting or disposition.

(b) (1) Because of the need for strategic and fissionable source minerals as well as minerals important to the economic and industrial welfare of the Nation and its security, the Director may authorize any Federal agency to enter upon any of the lands classified for small tract purposes within the State of Florida (and such other States or Territory for which approval of this action may be given by the Secretary of the Interior) for exploratory purposes to determine whether such lands are mineral in character and the nature, extent and incidence of such mineral, if any, even though such lands are under lease or have been patented in accordance with paragraph (a) of this section.

(2) The exploratory work conducted under the authority of this section, shall not be construed as permitting damage to the permanent structures or buildings of the small tract lessees or patentees or their lawful successors in interest.

(c) A lessee will not be permitted to cut timber from the leased lands without written permission from the Area Administrator or Director. Such permission will be granted only if it is necessary to cut the timber to clear the land or to erect improvements thereon. (52 Stat. 609, as amended; 43 U.S. C. 682a)

> DOUGLAS MCKAY, Secretary of the Interior

SEPTEMBER 10, 1954.

Section 257.15 is amended to read as [F. R. Doc. 54-7240; Filed, Sept. 15, 1954; 8:45 a. m.1

PROPOSED RULE MAKING

CIVIL AERONAUTICS BOARD

I 14 CFR Part 294 1

[Economic Regulations Draft Release No. 70]

FOREIGN AIR TRANSPORTATION CONDUCTED FOR THE MILITARY ESTABLISHMENT

NOTICE OF PROPOSED RULE MAKING

SEPTEMBER 13, 1954.

Notice is hereby given that the Civil Aeronautics Board has under consideration a proposed amendment to Part 294 of the Economic Regulations (14 CFR 294) which would establish a further classification of air carriers to be designated as "Foreign Military Charter Carriers" This proposed amendment would also establish certain terms, conditions, and limitations under which such carriers will be exempted from the requirement of tariff filing and observance.

The necessity for the proposed regulation is explained in the attached explanatory statement.

The proposed regulations are set forth below.

This amendment is proposed under authority of section 205 (a) and section 416 of the Civil Aeronautics Act of 1938, as amended (52 Stat. 904, 1004; 49 U. S. C. 425, 496)

Interested persons may participate in the proposed rule-making through submission of written data, views or arguments pertaining thereto, in triplicate, addressed to the Secretary, Civil Aeronautics Board, Washington 25, D. C. All relevant matter in communications received on or before October 18, 1954, will be considered by the Board before taking final action on the proposed rule.

By the Civil Aeronautics Board.

[SEAL] M. C. MULLIGAN,
Secretary.

Explanatory statement. At the present time air carriers conducting operations in foreign air transportation for the United States military establishment are required to comply with all requirements of the Civil Aeronautics Act and the Board's Economic Regulations which relate to tariff filing and observance, except as exempted by Part 294 of the Economic Regulations.

In the field of foreign air transportation, the Board lacks the statutory power to prescribe rates of air carriers subject to its jurisdiction and, accordingly, is unable to take effective action even though tariffs at uneconomic levels are filed. While the Board does have power to investigate and remove cases of unlawful discrimination in foreign air transportation, this power is not well adapted to short term situations, since rates may not be suspended pending investigation. Inasmuch as most charters for the military establishment are for special situations and short periods of time, the transportation would generally have taken place before any discrimination investigation could completed, thus rendering this control meffective.

The military establishment procures its charter transportation through a competitive bidding system. Invitations for bids are usually mitiated far enough m advance so that carriers have ample time to change their tariffs, giving the required 30 days statutory notice. However, even though air carriers could in the usual case comply with the tariff filing requirements, for the reasons indicated above there is little benefit to

the public interest in continuing this requirement in the situation referred to.

Moreover, in the less frequent cases where invitations for bids are issued on less than thirty days' notice, the tariff filing requirements may place air carriers at a distinct competitive disadvantage. This occurs by reason of the fact that there are certain commercial operators who are not air carriers within the meaning of the act, although their operations are governed from a safety standpoint by Part 45 of the Civil Air Regulations. Such carriers therefore are not subject to the Board's economic regulatory jurisdiction or control. These so-called Part 45 carriers have become increasingly active in the field of foreign military charters.

In consideration of these circumstances, the Board believes that it would not be adverse to the public interest to exempt the air carriers subject to its jurisdiction from filing and observance of tariffs for foreign military charters operated under contract with the military establishment in order that they may be on an equal basis competitively with the Part 45 carriers. The Board, in proposing this exemption, recognizes that such action will not solve the basic economic problem in this field, namely, the uneconomic low levels to which military charter rates have fallen as a result of the policy of unrestricted bidding and a temporary excess of available capacity for charters following the termination of the Korean airlift. Since the Board does not have the means of effectively dealing with this problem, it believes that in the absence of further legislative authority, reliance, must be placed upon the Department of Defense for any rate stabilization in this field.

It is proposed to amend Part 294 of the Economic Regulations (14 CFR 294), Classification and Exemption of Air Carriers while Conducting Certain Operations for the Military Establishment, as follows:

1. By redesignating paragraph (c) of § 294.1 as paragraph (d) and by inserting the words "or foreign military charter agreement" after the phrase "air carrier entering into a military operations charter agreement"

- 2. By adding a new paragraph (c) to § 294.1 to read as follows:
- (c) Foreign Military Charter Agreement shall mean an agreement (other than a Military Operations Charter

Agreement) between an air carrier and any Department of the Military Establishment of the United States, a copy of which has been filed with the Civil Aeronautics Board by the air carrier, whereby the entire capacity of one or more aircraft has been engaged for the movement of persons and their baggage or for the movement of property, on a time, mileage, or trip basis in foreign air transportation.

- 3. By amending § 294.2 by designating the present text as paragraph (a) and adding a new paragraph (b) to read as follows:
- (b) There is hereby established a class of air carriers known as Foreign Military Charter Carriers, composed of all air carriers who hold currently effective authorization from the Board to engage in air transportation and who are parties to currently effective and unexecuted foreign military charter agreements as herein defined.
- 4. By amending § 294.3 by designating the present text as paragraph (a) and adding a new paragraph (b) to read as follows:
- (b) Subject to the provisions of this part, Foreign Military Charter Carriers are hereby exempted from section 403 of the Civil Aeronautics Act of 1938, as amended, and Fart 221 of this subchapter.
- 5. By amending § 294.4 to read as follows:

§ 294.4 Scope of exemption. The respective exemptions granted in this part for operations conducted pursuant to military operations charter agreements which have been filed with the Board, and for operations conducted pursuant to foreign military charter agreements which have been filed with the Board. shall extend only to the respective operations conducted thereunder and shall in no way affect the obligation of Military Operations Carriers or Foreign Military Charter Carriers to abide by the act and the Board's Economic Regulations with respect to other air transportation performed: Provided, That the authority hereby granted shall be in addition to all other authority to engage in air transportation issued by the Board and shall not in any way be construed as limiting such other authority.

[F. R. Doc. 54-7272; Filed, Sept. 15, 1954; 8:52 a.m.]

NOTICES

DEPARTMENT OF THE NAVY

Office of the Secretary

CHIEF, BUREAU OF SUPPLIES AND ACCOUNTS

DELEGATION OF AUTHORITY TO ELIMINATE EXCESSIVE PROFITS UNDER THE RENEGOTI-ATION OF 1951

1. The Chief of the Bureau of Supplies and Accounts is hereby authorized to take appropriate action, on behalf of the Secretary of the Navy and subject to his direction and control, to eliminate exces-

sive profits pursuant to the provisions of section 105 (b) (1) of the Renegotiation Act of 1951 (50 U.S. C. App. 1215 (b) (1)) and § 1461.5 (32 CFR 1461.5) of the Renegotiation Regulations (1951 Act) and as the Renegotiation Board may direct, with authority to assign any necessary function in connection therewith to any office or agency under his control.

2. Pursuant to § 1461.5 of the Renegotiation Regulations (1951 Act), in the case of an agreement to eliminate excessive profits, action will be taken to effect the collection of such profits in accord-

ance with the terms of the agreement.

Upon the failure of a contractor to comply with the terms of such agreement, one or more of the methods for the elimination of excessive profits set forth in section 105 (b) (1) of the Renegotiation Act of 1951 will be used. If, however, pursuant to the Renegotiation Regulations (1951 Act), the contractor has made a timely request for an extension of time to pay any amount due and payable under such agreement, no collection method other than the withholding of the amount due and payable, or any part

thereof, from amounts otherwise due the contractor will be used prior to the time such request is acted upon by the Board, except with the approval of the

Secretary of the Navy.

3. Pursuant to § 1461.5 of the Renegotiation Regulations (1951 Act) in the case of an order to eliminate excessive profits, action will be taken to demand that the full amount thereof be paid by the contractor not later than the thirtieth calendar day after the date of the order. Upon failure of the contractor to comply with such demand, one or more of the methods for the elimination of excessive profits set forth in section 105 (b) (1) of the Renegotiation Act of 1951 will be used. With the approval of the Secretary of the Navy, however, any of such methods may be used at any time, if such action is deemed necessary to protect the interests of the Government.

4. This notice is effective as of July 14. 1954.

R. H. FOGLER,

Assistant Secretary of the Navy.

SEPTEMBER 8, 1954.

[F. R. Doc. 54-7249; Filed, Sept. 15, 1954; 8:47 a. m.]

Bureau of Supplies and Accounts

OFFICER-IN-CHARGE, NAVY REGIONAL AC-COUNTS OFFICE, WASHINGTON, D. C.

DELEGATION OF AUTHORITY TO ELIMINATE EXCESSIVE PROFITS UNDER THE RENEGO-TIATION ACT OF 1951

AUGUST 23, 1954.

1. The Officer-in-Charge, Navy Regional Accounts Office, Washington, D. C., is hereby authorized to take appropriate action, on behalf of the Chief, Bureau of Supplies and Accounts and subject to his direction and control, to eliminate excessive profits pursuant to the provisions of section 105 (b) (1) of the Renegotiation Act of 1951 and § 1461.5 (32 CFR 1461.5) of the Renegotiation Regulations (1951 Act) and as the Renegotiation Board may direct, to the same extent and in the same manner as the Chief, Bureau of Supplies and Accounts is so authorized by the notice entitled "Authority to Eliminate Excessive Profits Under the Renegotiation Act of 1951," effective July 14, 1954, from the Secretary of the Navy to the Chief, Bureau of Supplies and Accounts, F. R. Doc. 54-7249, supra.

2. This notice is effective as of August 3, 1954.

R. J. Arnold, Rear Admiral, (SC) U.S. Navy, Acting Chief of Bureau.

[F. R. Doc. 54-7250; Filed, Sept. 15, 1954; 8:47 a. m.]

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

Office of Alien Property

ELVIRA CHIAPPINI

NOTICE OF INTENTION TO RETURN VESTED PROPERTY

Pursuant to section 32 (f) of the Trading With the Enemy Act, as amend-

ed, notice is hereby given of intention to return, on or after 30 days from the date of publication hereof, the following property, subject to any increase or decrease resulting from the administration thereof prior to return, and after adequate provision for taxes and conservatory expenses:

Claimant, Claim No., Property, and Location

Elvira Chiappini ved. Paoletti, Milan, Italy, Claim No. 58942, Vesting Order No. 235; \$22.11 in the Treasury of the United States and stock of the De Nobili Cigar Company, a New York corporation, consisting of 3 shares third preferred capital stock, par value \$25 per share, Certificate No. 292, presently in custody of Safekeeping Department, Federal Reserve Bank of New York, at New York

Executed at Washington, D. C., on September 8, 1954.

For the Attorney General.

[SEAL]

PATE V. MYRON. Deputy Director Office of Alien Property.

[F. R. Doc. 54-7223; Filed, Sept. 14, 1954; 8:49 a. m.]

EMMA MULLER

NOTICE OF INTENTION TO RETURN VESTED PROPERTY

Pursuant to section 32 (f) of the Trading With the Enemy Act, amended, notice is hereby given of intention to return, on or after 30 days from the date of publication hereof, the following property, subject to any increase or decrease resulting from the administration thereof prior to return, and after adequate provision for taxes and conservatory expenses:

Claimant, Claim No., Property, and Location

Emma Muller, Vienna, Austria, Claim No. 41132, Vesting Order No. 4181; \$907.78 in the Treasury of the United States.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on September 8, 1954.

For the Attorney General.

ESEAT.

PAUL V MYRON. Deputy Director Office of Alien Property.

[F. R. Doc. 54-7225; Filed, Sept. 14, 1954; 8:49 a. m.]

ILSE PETROVIC

NOTICE OF INTENTION TO RETURN VESTED PROPERTY

Pursuant to section 32 (f) of the Trading With the Enemy Act, as amended, notice is hereby given of intention to return, on or after 30 days from the date of publication hereof, the following property subject to any increase or decrease resulting from the administration thereof prior to return, and after adequate provision for taxes and conservatory expenses:

Claimant, Claim No., Property, and Location

Ilse Petrovic, Thal 138 (Gut Lierhof), Post Goesting bei Graz, Austria, Claim No., 42052; \$24,930.93 in the Treasury of the United States. 20 shares of Canadian Pacific Railroad common stock, Certificate No. 266112 presently in the custody of the Safekeeping Department of the Federal Roserve Bank of New York.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on September 8, 1954.

For the Attorney General.

[SEAL]

PAUL V MYRON, Deputy Director, Office of Alien Property.

[F. R. Doc. 54-7226; Filed, Sept. 14, 1954; 8:49 a. m.]

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

Bureau of Land Management

[A-42059, 44159]

ARTZONA

ORDER PROVIDING FOR OPENING OF PUBLIC LANDS

Pursuant to notice from the Civil Aeronautics Administration that the following described public lands, included in Air Navigation Site withdrawal No. 60 of June 3, 1931, as amended December 14, 1931, are no longer needed for air navigation purposes, and in accordance with the authority delegated to me by the Director, Bureau of Land Management in Order No. 541, dated April 21, 1954 (19 F R. 2473), the lands are hereby restored to disposition under applicable public land laws as hereinafter indicated:

GILA AND SALT RIVER MERIDIAN

T. 21 N., R. 2 W., Sec. 6: SWWNWWNWW, SWWNWWWW SWW (SWW Lot 4, Lots 5, 6, 7).

The areas described total 126.24 acres of public lands,

The lands are located approximately 3½ miles west of Ashfork, Arizona, and are accessible by unimproved road from State Highway U.S. 66, which passes approximately one-half mile south of the tract. The topography is level to rolling and the area supports a sparse vegetative cover of shrubs and perennial grasses. The soils range from gravel to sandy loam and are generally rocky. The lands are not considered suitable for any agricultural use except grazing.

No application for these lands will be allowed under the homestead, desert land, small tract, or any other non mineral public land law, unless the lands have already been classified as valuable or suitable for such type of application, or shall be so classified upon consideration of an application. Any application that is filed will be considered on its merits. The lands will not be subject to occupancy or disposition until they

have been classifled.

This order shall not otherwise become effective to change the status of the described land until 10:00 a.m. on the 35th day after the date of this order. At that time the said land shall become subject to application, petition, location and selection under the applicable public-land laws, subject to valid existing rights, the provisions of existing withdrawals, the requirements of applicable laws, and the 91-day preference right filing period for veterans and others entitled to preference under the act of September 27, 1944 (58 Stat. 747; 43 U. S. C. 279-284) as amended. All applications filed pursuant to the Veterans' Preference Act of 1944 on or before 10:00 a. m. of the 35th day after the date of this order shall be treated as though simultaneously filed at that time. All other applications under the public-land laws filed on or before 10:00 a.m. of the 126th day after the date of this order shall be treated as though simultaneously filed at that time.

Inquiries concerning these lands shall be addressed to: The Manager, Arizona Land Office, Room 251 Main Post Office Building, Phoenix, Arizona.

> E. I. ROWLAND, State Supervisor

[F. R. Doc. 54-7244; Filed, Sept. 15, 1954; 8:45 a. m.]

SIERRA ANCHA EXPERIMENTAL FOREST, TONTO NATIONAL FOREST, ARIZONA

NOTICE OF HEARING ON WITHDRAWAL OF PUBLIC LANDS

Notice is hereby given that a public hearing will be held by the Area Administrator, Area 2, Bureau of Land Management, or such employee of the Bureau as may be designated by him, at 9:00 a. m., Wednesday, October 13, 1954, in the Superior Court Room, at Globe, Arizona, pertaining to the request by the United States Department of Agriculture, AR-05563 (amended) for the withdrawal from all forms of appropriation under the public land laws, including the mining and mineral leasing laws, of the lands described hereafter for the Sierra Ancha Experimental Forest, as set forth in the Notice of Proposed Withdrawal and Reservation of lands. dated March 30, 1954, published in the FEDERAL REGISTER on April 7, 1954, Volume 19, page 1963. The lands proposed for withdrawal are as follows:

GILA AND SALT RIVER BASE MERIDIAN

T. 5 N., R. 13 E.

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Sec. 1. S½N½N½, S½N½, S½,
Sec. 2: E½SE¼,
  Sec. 11: NE'4, E'2NW'4, S'2,
  Secs. 12 and 13: All;
  Sec. 14: N½, N½SW¼, SE¼, Sec. 23: NE¼,
  Sec. 24: All;
  Sec. 25: E½, E½NW¼,
Sec. 36: E½NE¼.
T. 5 N., R. 14 E.,
Sec. 3: Lots 3 & 4, S½NW¼, SW¼,
  Sec. 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 17, 18, 19, and 20: All;
  Sec. 29: W1/2,
  Sec. 30: All;
  Sec. 31: Lots 1 & 2, NE14, E12NW14, NE14
    SW1/4, N1/2SE1/4.
T. 6 N., R. 14 E.,
  Sec. 31. Lot 4, SE14SW14, S14SE14,
  Sec. 32: E½NE¼, S½SW¼, SE¼,
  Sec. 33: All;
Sec. 34: W½NW¼, SW¼.
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The tracts described aggregate 13,-150.47 acres.

The hearing will be open to attendance of opponents to the withdrawal who may state their views and the proponents of the withdrawal who may explain its purpose, intent, and extent, and to all interested persons who desire to be heard Property Officer, Branch of Office Servon the subject. Those who desire to be heard in person at the hearing should give notice thereof, and those desiring to submit written statements should file them not later than October 6, 1954, with the Area Administrator, Area 2, Bureau of Land Management.

Information relating to the lands affected or other matters pertaining to the withdrawal may be obtained from the Area Administrator, or BLM Supervisor for Arizona at Phoenix.

> H. BYRON MOCK. Area Administrator

[F. R. Doc. 54-7243; Filed, Sept. 15, 1954; 8:45 a. m.]

Southwestern Power Administration

CHIEF, DIVISION OF ADMINISTRATIVE SERVICES LT AL.

DELEGATION OF AUTHORITY WITH RESPECT TO PROPERTY MANAGEMENT MATTERS

SEPTEMBER 8, 1954.

SECTION 1. Revocation. SPA General Order No. 83, August 27, 1952 (17 F. R. 9085) is revoked.

Sec. 2. Contracts. Pursuant to the authority granted by Department of the Interior Order No. 2509, as amended (17 F R. 6793, 19 F. R. 433) the Chief, Division of Administrative Services, the Chief, Branch of Office Services, and the Purchasing Agent, Branch of Office Services, are authorized to take the following actions:

.01 Irrespective of the amount involved, enter into contracts for construction, equipment and supplies, and services;

.02 Issue change orders and extra work orders, enter into modifications of, and terminate contracts when legally permissible, except that a change order to a construction contract (Standard Form No. 23) involving an estimated increase or decrease of more than \$500.00 requires the approval of the Administrator.

Sec. 3. Leases. Pursuant to the authority granted by Department of the Interior Order No. 2509, as amended (17 F R. 6793, 19 F R. 433) the Chief, Division of Administrative Services, the Chief, Branch of Office Services, and the Purchasing Agent, Branch of Office Services, may exercise the authority of the Administrator with respect to leases.

Sec. 4. Disposition; surplus property-.01 Real property. Pursuant to the authority granted by Department of the Interior Order No. 2696, as amended (17 F. R. 6795, 19 F. R. 433) the Chief, Division of Administrative Services, the Chief, Branch of Office Services, and the Property Officer, Branch of Office Services, may exercise the authority of the Administrator with respect to the disposition of surplus real property.

.02 Personal property. Pursuant to the authority granted by Department of the Interior Order No. 2642, as amended. (16 F. R. 6318, 19 F. R. 433) the Chief, Division of Administrative Services, the Chief, Branch of Office Services, and the

ices, may exercise the authority of the Administrator with respect to the disposition of surplus personal property.

Scc. 5. Effective date. This order shall be effective on and after date of publication in the FEDERAL REGISTER.

> JAMES V. ALFRIEND, Acting Administrator.

[F. R. Dec. 54-7245; Filed, Sept. 15, 1954; 8:45 a. m.]

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

Commodity Stabilization Service

SUGARCANE WAGES AND PRICES IN PUERTO RICO AND THE VIRGIN ISLAMES

NOTICE OF HEARINGS AND DESIGNATION OF PRESIDENG OFFICERS

Pursuant to the authority contained in subsections (c) (1) and (c) (2) of section 301 of the Sugar Act of 1948, as amended (61 Stat. 929; 7 U.S. C. Sup. 1131) notice is hereby given that public hearings will be held as follows:

At San Juan, Puerto Rico, in the Conference Room of the Agricultural Stabilization and Conservation Office, Segarra Building, on October 21, 1954, at 9:30 a. m.,

At Christiansted, St. Croix, Virgin Islands, in the District Court Room, on October 26, 1954, at 9:30 a.m.

The purpose of these hearings is to receive evidence likely to be of assistance to the Secretary of Agriculture in determining (1) pursuant to the provisions of section 301 (c) (1) of said act, fair and reasonable wage rates for persons employed in the production, cultivation, or harvesting of sugarcane in Puerto Rico and the Virgin Islands during the calendar year 1955 on farms with respect to which applications for payments under the said act are made and (2) pursuant to the provisions of section 301 (c) (2) of said act, fair and reasonable prices for the 1954-55 Puerto Rican crop and the 1955 crop of Virgin Islands sugarcane to be paid, under either purchase or toll agreements, by producers who precess sugarcane grown by other producers and who apply for payments under the said act.

In order to obtain the best possible information, the Department requests that all interested parties appear at the hearing to express their views and to present appropriate data with respect to wages and prices. While testimony on all points relative to the subject matters of the hearing is desired, it is requested that with respect to fair and reasonable prices for 1954-55-crop Puerto Rican sugarcane interested parties be prepared to make recommendations as to (1) specification of the formula to be used in determining the yield of raw sugar from inferior varieties of sugarcane; (2) the need for the provision in the current determination requiring producers to bear the costs of storing sugar in outside warehouses prior to the end of the calendar year: (3) revision of the requirement of the current determination that processors make allowances to producers and perform services free of charge with

a view to modernization and specification of items and amounts of such allowances; and (4) the necessity for a change in the flat rate allowance for selling and delivery expenses on raw sugar which are not specifically enumerated in the current determination.

The hearings, after being called to order at the time and places mentioned herein, may be continued from day to day within the discretion of the presiding officers, and may be adjourned to a later day or a different place without notice other than the announcement thereof at the hearing by the presiding officers.

Ward S. Stevenson, Linwood K. Bailey, and G. Laguardia are hereby designated as presiding officers to conduct either jointly or severally the foregoing hearings.

Issued this 10th day of September 1954.

[SEAL]

Lawrence Myers, Director Sugar Division.

[F. R. Doc. 54-7268; Filed, Sept. 15, 1954; 8:50 a. m.]

DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

Wage and Hour Division

LEARNER EMPLOYMENT CERTIFICATE

ISSUANCE TO VARIOUS INDUSTRIES

Notice is hereby given that pursuant to section 14 of the Fair Labor Standards Act of 1938, as amended (52 Stat. 1068, as amended; 29 U.S.C. and Supp. 214) and Part 522 of the regulations issued thereunder (29 CFR Part 522) special certificates authorizing the employment of learners at hourly wage rates lower than the minimum wage rates applicable under section 6 of the act have been issued to the firms listed below. The employment of learners under these certificates is limited to the terms and conditions therein contained and in subject to the provisions of Part 522. The effective and expiration dates, occupations, wage rates, number or proportion of learners. and learning period for certificates issued under the general learner regulations §§ 522.1 to 522.14 are as indicated below conditions provided in certificates issues under special industry regulations are as established in these regulations.

Single Pants, Shirts and Allied Garments, Women's Apparel, Sportswear and Other Odd Outerwear, Rainwear, Robes and Leather and Sheep-Lined Garments Divisions of the Apparel Industry Learner Regulations. (29 CFR 522.160 to 522.168, as amended July 5, 1954, 19 F. R. 3326)

Walter Goodman Co., Inc. 815 24th Street, Newport News, Va., effective 8-30-54 to 2-28-55; 25 learners for plant expansion purposes (children's dresses).

Linda Lane Garment Co., Excelsior Springs, Mo., effective 8-26-54 to 8-25-55; 10 learners for normal labor turnover purposes (Orlon and Nylon uniforms).

Leccraft Manufacturing Corp., Spencer, Tenn., effective 9-21-54 to 9-20-55; 10 percent of the total number of factory production workers for normal labor turnover purposes (sport shirts).

Morris Sportswear Co., 219 Arch Street, Nanticoke, Pa., effective 9-18-54 to 9-17-55;.

5 learners for normal labor turnover purposes (ladies-sportswear).

Pollak Bros., Inc., 227 West Main Street, Fort Wayne, Ind., effective 8-23-54 to 2-22-55; 25 learners for plant expansion purposes (house dresses, smocks, etc.).

Rhea Manufacturing Co., American Junior Division, Bainbridge, Ga., effective 8-27-54 to 2-26-55; 20 learners for plant expansion purposes (misses sportswear).

Sandye Shirt Corp., Portland, Tenn., effective 8-23-54 to 8-22-55; 10 percent of the total number of factory production workers for normal labor turnover purposes (sport shirts).

Sandye Shirt Corp., Portland, Tenn., effective 8-23-54 to 2-22-55; 50 learners for plant expansion purposes (sport shirts).

Sherri Dress, Inc., 314 Main Street, Hawley, Pa., effective 8-30-54 to 8-29-55; 6 learners for normal labor turnover purposes.

Terry Sportswear Co., Inc., 12 East Main Street, Glen Lyon, Pa., effective 9-10-54 to 9-9-55; 10 learners for normal labor turnover purposes (women's and children's blouses).

Glove Industry Learner Regulations (29 CFR 522.220 to 522.231, as amended July 13, 1953, 18 F. R. 3292)

The Boss Manufacturing Co., Findlay, Ohio; effective 8-25-54 to 8-24-55; 10 learners for normal labor turnover purposes (work gloves).

Jasper Glove Co., Inc., Jasper, Ind., effective 8-25-54 to 8-24-55; 10 learners for normal labor turnover purposes (work gloves).

Lillington Manufacturing Co., Inc., Rutland, Vt., effective 8-27-54 to 8-26-55; 10 learners for normal labor turnover purposes (leather gloves).

Knitted Wear Industry Learner Regulations (29 CFR 522.68 to 522.79, as amended January 21, 1952, 16 F R. 12866)

Altamont Knitting Mills, Inc., 19-23 East Union Street, Wilkes-Barre, Pa., effective 8-30-54 to 8-29-55; 5 learners for normal labor turnover purposes (men's and ladies sweaters and men's polo shirts).

Dixie Belle Textiles, Inc., Gibsonville, N. C., effective 8-30-54 to 8-29-55; 5 learners for normal labor turnover purposes (ladies' and children's underwear).

Regulations Applicable to the Employment of Learners (29 CFR 522.1 to 522.14) The following special learner certificates were issued to the school-operated industries listed below.

Oak Park Academy, Nevada, Iowa; effective 9-1-54 to 8-31-55; 5 learners in print shop as compositor, pressman, and related skilled and semiskilled occupations; 350 hours at 60 cents per hour, 325 hours at 65 cents per hour and 325 hours at 70 cents per hour; 6 learners in broom shop as broom maker (winder) stitcher, sorter, and related skilled and semiskilled occupations, 150 hours at 60 cents per hour, 125 hours at 65 cents per hour and 125 hours at 70 cents per hour.

Walla Walla College, College Place, Wash, effective 9-1-54 to 8-31-55; 10 learners in print shop as compositor, pressman, bindery worker, and related skilled and semiskilled occupations, 350 hours at 60 cents per hour, 325 hours at 65 cents per hour and 325 hours at 70 cents per hour; 25 learners in bookbindery as bookbinder, bindery worker, and related skilled and semiskilled occupations, 200 hours at 60 cents per hour, 200 hours at 65 cents per hour and 200 hours at 70 cents per hour.

Each certificate has been issued upon the employer's representation that employment of learners at subminimum rates is necessary in order to prevent curtailment of opportunities for employment, and that experienced workers for the learner occupations are not available. The certificates may be cancelled in the manner provided in the regulations and is indicated in the certificates. Any person aggrieved by the issuance of any of these certificates may seek a review or reconsideration thereof within fifteen days after publication of this notice in the FEDERAL REGISTER pursuant to the provisions of Part 522.

Signed at Washington, D. C., this 30th day of August 1954.

MILTON BROOKE,
Authorized Representative of
the Administrator

[F. R. Doc. 54-7246; Filed, Sept. 15, 1954; 8:46 a. m.]

LEARNER EMPLOYMENT CERTIFICATES
ISSUANCE TO VARIOUS INDUSTRIES

Notice is hereby given that pursuant to section 14 of the Fair Labor Standards Act of 1938, as amended (52 Stat, 1068, as amended; 29 U.S.C. and Supp. 214) and Part 522 of the regulations issued thereunder (29 CFR Part 522), special certificates authorizing the employment of learners at hourly wage rates lower than the minimum wage rates applicable under section 6 of the act have been issued to the firms listed below. The employment of learners under these certificates is limited to the terms and conditions therein contained and is subject to the provisions of Part 522. The effective and expiration dates, occupations, wage rates, number or proportion of learners, and learning period for certificates issued under the general learner regulations (§§ 522.1 to 522.14) are as indicated below conditions provided in certificates issued under special industry regulations are as established in these regulations.

Single Pants, Shirts and Allied Garments, Women's Apparel, Sportswear and Other Odd Outerwear, Rainwear, Robes and Leather and Sheep-Lined Garments Divisions of the Apparel Industry Learner Regulations. (29 CFR 522.160 to 522.168, as amended July 5, 1954, 19 F R. 3326)

Bellcraft Manufacturing Co., Hartwell, Ga., effective 9-17-54 to 9-16-55; 10 percent of the total number of factory production workers for normal labor turnover purposes (men's and boys' sport shirts).

(men's and boys' sport shirts).

Devil-Dog Manufacturing Co., Inc., Zobulon, N. C., effective 8-23-54 to 2-12-55; 25 learners for plant expansion purposes (children's boxer longles).

Johnnye Manufacturing Co., 4th and Walnut Street, Albion, Ill., effective 8-23-54 to 8-22-55; 10 percent of the total number of factory production workers for normal labor turnover purposes. (Learners are not authorized to be employed at subminimum wage rates in the production of skirks) (women's and misses' dresses and blouses). Lillington Garment Co., Inc., Lillington, N. C., effective 8-30-54 to 1-4-55; 50 addi-

Lillington Garment Co., Inc., Lillington, N. O., effective 8-30-54 to 1-4-55; 50 additional learners for expansion purposes (sport and utility shirts) (supplemental cortificate).

Lincoln Garment Co., 220 North Chicago Street, Lincoln, Ill., effective 8-20-54 to 8-19-55; 10 learners for normal labor turnover purposes (women's and misses' dresses).

The Londontown Manufacturing Co., Inc., 1101 East 25th Street, Baltimore 12, Md., effective 8-17-54 to 8-16-55; 5 learners for normal labor turnover purposes, in the proauction of raincoats only (men's raincoats

and topcoats).

North Shore Manufacturing Co., 525 Lake Avenue South, Duluth 2, Minn., effective 8-23-54 to 8-22-55; 10 percent of the total number of factory production workers for normal labor turnover purposes. (Learners are not authorized to be employed at subminimum wage rates in the production of skirts and lined jackets) (women's and children's sportswear).

Pleasure Togs, Inc., 156 Trinity Avenue SW., Atlanta, Ga., effective 8-18-54 to 8-17-55; 10 percent of the total number of factory production workers for normal labor turnover purposes. (This certificate does not authorize the employment of learners at subminimum wages in production of skirts) (women's sportswear).

Somerset Shirt and Pajama Co., 221 South Pleasant Street, Somerset, Pa., effective 8-18-54 to 8-17-55; 10 percent of the factory production workers for normal labor turnover purposes (men's and boy's nightwear).

Superior Garment Co., Corner Blaine and Franklin Street, Newberg, Oreg.; effective 8-23-54 to 8-22-55; 10 learners for normal labor turnover purposes. (Learners are not authorized to be employed at subminimum wage rates in the production of skirts and

lined jackets) (shirts).
Tom Cat Overall Co., 1511 Williams Street, Chattanooga, Tenn., effective 8-23-54 to 8-22-55; 10 learners for normal labor turnover purposes (dungarees and overalls).

Hosiery Industry Learner Regulations, (29 CFR 522.40 to 522.46, as amended May 3, 1954, 19 F. R. 1761)

Fayetteville Knitting Mills, Inc., Fayetteville, N. C., effective 9-9-54 to 9-8-55; 5 learners for normal labor turnover purposes.

Portage Hosiery Company, Portage, Wis., effective 8-19-54 to 8-18-55; 5 percent of the total number of factory production workers engaged in the production of hosiery (not including slipper sox) for normal labor turnover purposes.

Quitman Manufacturing Co., Quitman, Miss., effective 9-1-54 to 8-31-55; 5 percent of the total number of factory production workers for normal labor turnover purposes.

Whisnant Hosiery Mills, Inc., Hickory, N. C., effective 8-23-54 to 8-22-55; 5 percent of the total number of factory production workers for normal labor turnover pur-

Glove Industry Learner Regulations. (29 CFR 522.220 to 522.231, as amended July 13, 1953, 18 F R. 3292)

Portage Hossery Co., Portage, Wis., effective 8-19-53 to 8-18-55; 5 learners in the manufacture of mittens.

Knitted Wear Industry Learner Regulations, (29 CFR 522.68 to 522.79, as amended January 21, 1952, 16 F. R.

The Hadley Corp., Weaverville, N. C., effective 8-17-54 to 8-16-55; 5 learners for normal labor turnover purposes (wool sweaters).

The Hadley Corp., Weaverville, N. C., effective 8-17-54 to 2-16-55; 5 learners for expansion purposes (wool sweaters).

Shoe Industry Learner Regulations, (29 CFR 522.250 to 522.260, as amended March 17, 1952, 17 F. R. 1500)

Linda Jo Shoe Co., Inc., 420 West Garnett Street, Gainesville, Tex., effective 8-17-54 to 8-16-55; 10 percent of the number of productive factory werkers in the plant for 65 cents per hour and 325 hours at 70 cents normal labor turnover purposes.

Nortex Shoo Corp., 215 Lindsey Street, Gainesville, Tex., effective 8-24-54 to 8-23-55; 10 percent of the number of productive factory workers in the plant for normal labor turnover purposes.

Regulations Applicable to the Employment of Learners, (29 CFR 522.1 to 522.14) The following special learner certificates were issued to the schooloperated industries listed below.

Adelphian Academy, Holly, Mich., effective 9-1-54 to 8-31-55; 40 learners; woodwork shop as assembler, machine operator, and related skilled and semiskilled occupations including incidental clerical work in the shop; 250 hours at 60 cents per hour, 250 hours at 65 cents per hour and 250 hours at 70 cents per hour.

Campion Academy, Loveland, Colo., effec-tive 9-1-54 to 8-31-55; 10 learners; broom shop as broommaker, stitcher, corter, binder, and related skilled and semickilled occupations; 150 hours at CO cents per hour; 125 hours at 65 cents per hour, 125 hours at 70 cents per hour.

Cedar Lake Academy, Cedar Lake, Mich., effective 9-1-54 to 8-31-55; 25 learners; woodwork shop as assembler, machine operator, and related skilled and comiskilled occupations including incidental clerical work in the shop; 250 hours at 60 cents per hour, 250 hours at 65 cents per hour, 250 hours at 70 cents per hour.

Emmanuel Micelonary College, Berrien Springs, Mich., effective 9-1-54 to 8-31-55; 30 learners; bookbindery as bookbinder, bindery worker, and related skilled and semiskilled occupations, 200 hours at 60 cents per hour, 200 hours at 65 cents per hour, 200 hours at 70 cents per hour; 25 learners in print shop as pressmen, compositor, and re-lated skilled and semiskilled occupations; 350 hours at 60 cents per hour, 325 hours at 65 cents per hour and 325 hours at 70 cents per hour; 55 learners in woodwork shop as assembler, (furniture) machine operator, furniture finisher, and related skilled and semiskilled occupations; 250 hours at 60 cents per hour, 250 hours at 65 cents per hour and 250 hours at 70 cents per hour; 10 learners in clerical work as bookkeeper, typist, and related skilled and cemiskilled occupations. 200 hours at 60 cents per hour, 200 hours at 65 cents per hour and 200 hours at 70 cents per hour.

Glendale Union Academy, 700 Kimlin Dr., Glendale, Calif., effective 9-1-54 to 8-31-55; 4 learners in print chop as compositor, pressman, finisher, and related skilled and semiskilled occupations, 350 hours at 60 cents per hour, 325 hours at 65 cents per hour, and 325 hours at 70 cents per hour unless higher standards are established by State law.

Hawaiian Mission Academy, 1438 Pensacola Street, Honolulu 9, T. H., effective 9-1-54 to 8-31-55; 5 learners in print shop as compositor, pressman, and related skilled and semiskilled occupations, 500 hours at 65 cents per hour and 500 hours at 70 cents per hour; 5 learners in clerical work as typist, bookkeeper, related skilled and cemiskilled occupations, 300 hours at 65 cents per hour and 300 hours at 70 cents per hour.

Madison College (Nashville Agricultural & Normal Institute), Madicon College, Tenn., effective 9-1-54 to 8-31-55; 16 learners in food manufacturing at skilled and cemiskilled occupations in food manufacturing including clerk and fireman and repairman in steam plant, 100 hours at 60 cents per hour, 100 hours at 65 cents per hour, 100 hours at 70 cents per hour; 6 learners in print shop as compositor, preceman, and related skilled and cemiskilled occupations, 350 hours at 60 cents per hour, 325 hours at

per hour.

Monterey Bay Academy, P. O. Bax 191, Watconville, Calif., effective 9-1-54 to 8-31-55; 30 learners in trellic thop at miliman and other related chilled and comiskilled occupations including incidental elerical work in chop, 200 hours at 60 cents per hour, 150 hours at 65 cents per hour and 159 hours at 70 cents per hour unless higher standards are set by State law.

Oaltwood College, Huntaville, Ala., effective 9-1-54 to 8-31-55; 39 learners in broom shop as broommaker, sorter, winder, stitcher, and related skilled and comickilled occupations. 150 hours at 60 cents per hour, 125 hours at 65 cents per hour and 125 hours at 70 cents

per hour. Ozark Academy, Gentry, Ark., effective 9-1-54 to 8-31-55; 5 learners in Venetian blind shop as rail cutter, machine operator, opray painter, clat, cord and tape cutter, installer, and related skilled and comiskilled occupations, 200 hours at 60 cents per hour, 150 hours at 65 cents per hour and 150 hours at 70 cents per hour; 12 learners in broom chop as winder, stitcher, sorter, painter, and related skilled and comiskilled occupations, 150 hours at 60 cents per hour, 125 hours at 65 cents per hour and 125 hours at 70 cents per hour.

Pacific Union College, Nava County, Angwin, Calif., effective 9-1-54 to 8-31-55; 12 learners in print shop as pressman, com-positor. Ilthographer, bindery worker, and related ckilled and cemickilled occupations including incidental clerical work in shop, 350 hours at 60 cents per hour, 325 hours at 65 cents per hour and 325 hours at 70 cents per hour; 12 learners in bookbindery as book-binder, including cewer, gold stamper, trimmer and backer, cutter, cace-maker, and related skilled and semiskilled occupations including incidental clerical work in shop, 200 hours at 69 cents per hour, 200 hours at 65 cents per hour and 200 hours at 70 cents per hour; 12 learners in color clide previewer equipment as basic hand and machine operations and color alide previewers and equip-ment including incidental ciercal work in this shop, 60 hours at 60 cents per hour, 60 hours at 65 cents per hour and 60 hours at 75 cents an hour unless higher standards are established by State law.

Southwestern Junior College, Keene, Tex., effective 9-1-54 to 8-31-55; 10 learners in print shop as compositor, presoman, bindery worker, and related skilled and semickilled occupations, 359 hours at 69 cents per hour, 325 hours at 65 cents per hour and 325 hours at 70 cents per hour; 4 learners in clerical work as typict, file clerk, bookkeeper, stenographer, timeliceper, and other related skilled and comi-skilled occupations, 200 hours at 60 cents per hour, 200 hours at 65 cents per hour and 200 hours at 70 cents per

The following special learner certificates were issued in Puerto Rico to the companies heremafter named. The effective and expiration dates, the number of learners, the learner occupations, and length of the learning period and the learner wage rates are indicated, respectively.

Puerto Rico Ball and Bearing Co., Inc., Ponce Playa, P. R., effective 8-9-54 to 2-8-55. Occupations: gaugers, inspectors, and swage operators, 160 hours at 45 cents an hour; grinders, lappers, and polichers, 160-hours at 45 cents an hour and 160 hours at 50 cents an hour (one millimeter balls and swivels).

Senorita Hoslery Mills, Inc., Curabo, P. R., effective 8-17-54 to 2-16-55; 6 learners. Occupations: limitting, coaming, mending; each 240 hours at 30 cents an hour, 240 hours at 35 cents an hour, 240 hours at 40 cents an hour, and 240 hours at 45 cents an hour; Examining and inspecting, 160 hours at 30

cents an hour, 160 hours at 37½ cents an hour and 160 hours at 45 cents an hour (full-fashioned hosiery).
Walden Hosiery Mills of Puerto Rico, Inc.,

Walden Hosiery Mills of Puerto Rico, Inc., Cidra, P. R., effective 8-11-54 to 2-10-55; 10 learners. Occupations: knitters transfer top) and loopers; each 240 hours at 30 cents an hour, 240 hours at 35 cents an hour, 240 hours at 40 cents an hour and 240 hours at 45 cents an hour (infants' hosiery).

Each certificate has been issued upon the employer's representation that employment of learners at subminimum rates is necessary in order to prevent curtailment of opportunities for employment, and that experienced workers for the learner occupations are not available. The certificates may be cancelled in the manner provided in the regulations and as indicated in the certificates. Any person aggrieved by the issuance of any of these certificates may seek a review or reconsideration thereof within fifteen days after publication of this notice in the Federal Register pursuant to the provisions of Part 522.

Signed at Washington, D. C., this 24th day of August 1954.

MILTON BROOKE,
Authorized Representative
of the Administrator

[F. R. Doc. 54-7247; Filed, Sept. 15, 1954; 8:46 a. m.]

Wage and Hour and Public Contracts Divisions

EMPLOYMENT OF HANDICAPPED CLIENTS BY SHELTERED WORKSHOPS

ISSUANCE OF SPECIAL CERTIFICATES

Notice is hereby given that special certificates authorizing the employment of handicapped clients at hourly wage rates lower than the minimum wage rates applicable under section 6 of the Fair Labor Standards Act of 1938, as amended, and section 1 (b) of the Walsh-Healey Public Contracts Act, as amended, have been issued to the sheltered workshops hereinafter mentioned, under section 14 of the Fair Labor Standards Act of 1938, as amended (sec. 14, 52 Stat. 1068; U. S. C. 214; as amended 63 Stat. 910) and Part 525 of the regulations issued thereunder, as amended (29 CFR Part 525) and under sections 4 and 6 of the Walsh-Healey Public Contracts Act (secs. 4, 6, 49 Stat. 2038; 41 U. S. C. 38, 40) and Article 1102 of the Regulations issued pursuant thereto (41 CFR 201. 1102)

The names and addresses of the sheltered workshops, wage rates and the effective and expiration dates of the certificates are set forth below. In each case, the wage rates are established at rates not less than the piece rate paid non-handicapped employees engaged in the same occupation in regular commercial industry maintaining approved labor standards, or at wage rates stipulated in the certificate, whichever is higher.

Community Workshops, Inc., 36 Washington Street, Boston 14, Mass., at a rate of not less than 17 cents per hour. Certificate is effective August 1, 1954, and expires on July 30, 1955.

Merrimack Valley Goodwill Industries, Inc., 99 Willie Street, Lowell, Mass., at a rate of not less than 25 cents per hour for a training period of 40 hours and 40 cents thereafter. Certificate is effective August 1, 1954, and expires on July 31, 1955.

The New Haven Goodwill Industries, Inc., 238 State Street, New Haven, Conn., at a rate of not less than 25 cents an hour for a training period of 40 hours and 40 cents thereafter. Certificate is effective September 1, 1954, and expires on August 31, 1955.

The Volunteers of American, Inc., 36-30 13th Street, Long Island City, N. Y., at a rate of not less than 45 cents per hour. Certificate is effective August 1, 1954, and expires on July 31, 1955.

The Volunteers of American, Inc., 37-11 22d Street, Long Island City, N. Y., at a rate of not less than 45 cents per hour. Certificate is effective August 1, 1954, and expires on July 31, 1955.

The National Society of Volunteers of America, 297 Clinton Street, Binghamton, N. Y., at a rate of not less than 45 cents per hour. Certificate is effective July 1, 1954, and expires on June 30, 1955.

Georgia Association of Workers for the Blind, 539 Courtland Street NE., Atlanta, Ga., at a rate of 50 cents per hour. Certificate is effective August 1, 1954, and expires on July 31, 1955.

The Goodwill Industries of Zanesville, 108 Main Street, Zanesville, Ohio; at a rate of not less than 10 cents per hour for a training period of 40 hours and 50 cents thereafter. Certificate is effective August 5, 1954, and expires on July 31, 1955.

Goodwill Industries of Muskegon County, Inc., 794 Pine Street, Muskegon, Mich., at a rate not less than 20 cents per hour for a training period of 40 hours and 40 cents thereafter in the Salvage Department; a rate of not less than 20 cents per hour for a training period of 200 hours and 40 cents per hour thereafter in the Contract Department. Certificate is effective August 5, 1954, and expires on July 31, 1955.

and expires on July 31, 1955.

Detroit League for the Handicapped, 1401 Ash Street, Detroit 6, Mich., at a rate of not less than 5 cents per hour for a training period of 140 hours and 10 cents per hour thereafter. Certificate is effective August 5, 1954, and expires on July 31, 1955.

Volunteers of America, 181 Hill Street, Akron 8, Ohio; at a rate of not less than 20 cents an hour for a training period of 40 hours and 30 cents thereafter. Certificate is effective August 27, 1954, and expires on July 31, 1955.

Columbus Goodwill Industries, 94 North Sixth Street, Columbus 15, Ohio; at a rate of not less than 6 cents an hour for a training period of 40 hours and 20 cents thereafter in the salvage-transportation department; a rate of not less than 6 cents per hour for a training period of 120 hours and 15 cents thereafter in the Contract Shop. Certificate is effective August 27, 1954, and expires on July 31, 1955.

Michigan Veterans Facility Soldiers Home, 3000 Monroe Avenue, Grand Rapids, Mich., at a rate of not less than 19 cents per hour. Certificate is effective September 1, 1954, and expires on August 31, 1955.

Goodwill Industries of Cleveland, 930 East 70th Street, Cleveland 3, Ohio; at a rate of not less than 15 cents per hour for a training period of 40 hours and 50 cents per hour thereafter in the transportation department; a rate of not less than 15 cents per hour for a training period of 80 hours and 20 cents per hour thereafter in the Contract and other Departments. Certificate is effective September 1, 1954, and expires on August 31, 1955.

Christ Mission Goodwill Industries, 330 East Boardman Street, Youngstown 3, Ohio; at a rate of not less than 30 cents per hour. Certificate is effective August 27, 1954, and expires on July 31, 1955.

Volunteers of America, 121 East Water Street, Sandusky, Ohio; at a rate of not less than 25 cents per hour. Certificate is effective August 27, 1954, and expires on July 31, 1955.

Springfield Goodwill Industries, Inc., 812–14 East Washington Street, Springfield, Ill., at a rate of not less than 40 cents per hour for a training period of 80 hours and 45 cents thereafter. Cortificate is effective August 1, 1954, and expires on July 31, 1955.

United Cerebral Palsy of Greater Minneapolis, Inc., 1001 East 24th Street, Minneapolis 4, Minn., at a rate of not less than 30 cents per hour. Certificate is effective September 1, 1954, and expires on February 28, 1955.

Workshop for the Blind, 1307 Lecch Street, Sioux City 1, Iowa; at a rate of not less than 15 cents per hour for a training period of 160 hours and 35 cents per hour thereafter. Certificate is offective September 1, 1954, and expires on August 31, 1955.

Harris County Association for the Blind, 3530 West Dallas Street, Houston 19, Tex, at a rate of 30 cents per hour for a training period of 160 hours and 40 cents per hour thereafter in the canning department, the sewing and weaving department and the rubber mat department; 50 cents per hour in the mop department. Certificate is effective September 1, 1954, and expires on August 31, 1955.

Volunteers of America, 1955 Post Street, San Francisco, Calif., at a rate of not less than 60 cents per hour for a training period of 160 hours and 75 cents thereafter. Certificate is effective August 28, 1954, and expires on August 31, 1955.

Volunteers of America of Los Angeles, 333 South Los Angeles Street, Los Angeles, Calif., at a rate of not less than 40 cents per hour for a training period of 80 hours and 56 cents thereafter. Certificate is effective September 1, 1054, and expires on August 31, 1955.

and expires on August 31, 1955.

Los Angeles California Industries for the Blind, 840 Santee Street, Los Angeles 14, Calif., at a rate of not less than 15 cents per hour for a training period of 320 hours and 40 cents thereafter. Certificate is effective August 16, 1954, and expires on August 15, 1955.

Goodwill Industries of the Inland Empire, 130 East Third Street, Spokane 3.

Wash., at a rate of not less than 50 cents per hour for a training period of 80 hours and 50 cents thereafter. Certificate is effective September 1, 1954, and expires on August 31, 1955.

and expires on August 31, 1955.

The employment of handicapped clients in the above-mentioned sheltered workshops under these certificates is limited to the terms and conditions therein contained and is subject to the provisions of Part 525 of the regulations, as amended. These certificates have been issued on the applicants' representations that they are sheltered workshops as defined in the regulations and that special services are provided their handicapped clients. A sheltered work-shop is defined as, "A charitable organization or institution conducted not for profit, but for the purpose of carrying out a recognized program of rehabilitation for individuals whose earning capacity is impaired by age or physical or mental deficiency or injury, and to provide such individuals with remunerative employment or other occupational rehabilitating activity of an educational or therapeutic nature."

These certificates may be canceled in the manner provided by the regulations, as amended. Any person aggreeved by the issuance of any of these certificates may seek a review or reconsideration thereof within fifteen days after publication of this notice in the Federal Reg-

Signed at Washington, D. C., this 3d day of September 1954.

JACOB I. BELLOW, Assistant Chief of Field Operations.

[F. R. Doc. 54-7248; Filed Sept. 15, 1954; 8:46 a. m.]

CIVIL AERONAUTICS BOARD

[Docket No. 2909 et al.]

AMERICAN AIRLINES, INC., ET AL., NEW YORK CITY-MEXICO CITY NONSTOP SERVICE CASE

NOTICE OF HEARING

In the matter of applications of American Airlines, Inc., Eastern Air Lines, Inc., and Pan American World Airways, Inc., for nonstop air transport service between New York, N. Y., and/or Washington, D. C., on the one hand, and Mexico City, Mexico, on the other.

Notice is hereby given, pursuant to the Civil Aeronautics Act of 1938, as amended, particularly sections 401 and 1001 of said act, that a public hearing in the above-entitled proceeding will be held on November 8, 1954, at 10:00 a. m., e. s. t., in Room E-210, Temporary Building No. 5, Sixteenth Street and Constitution Avenue NW., Washington, D. C., before Examiner Edward T. Stodola.

Without limiting the scope of issues presented in this proceeding, particular attention will be directed to an inquiry as to whether the public convenience and necessity require nonstop air transport service between New York, N. Y., and/or Washington, D. C., on the one hand, and Mexico City on the other; and whether each of the above-named air-carrier applicants is fit, willing, and able to per-

form the air transportation sought to be authorized and to conform to the provisions of the act and the rules, regulations and requirements of the Board thereunder. Consideration will be given to the applications heretofore consolidated into this proceeding by Orders Nos. E-8485 and E-8609, adopted on June 30, 1954 and September 3, 1954, respectively.

For further details of the issues involved in this proceeding, interested parties are referred to the Prehearing Conference Report of the Examiner, the various Board orders that have been entered in this proceeding, the applications of the parties and other pleadings, all of which are on file with the Civil Aeronautics Board.

Notice is further given that any person, other than a party of record, desiring to be heard in this proceeding must file with the Board on or before November 8, 1954, a statement setting forth the propositions of fact or law which he desires to advance.

Dated at Washington, D. C., September 13, 1954.

[SEAL]

FRANCIS W. BROWN, Chief Examiner

[F. R. Doc. 54-7274; Filed, Sept. 15, 1954; 8:52 a. m.]

[Docket No. 6534]

PAN AMERICAN WORLD AIRWAYS, INC., ACQUISITION OF LIMEAS AEREAS COSTAR-RICENSES, S. A.

NOTICE OF HEARING

In the matter of the application of Pan American World Airways, Inc., under section 408 of the Civil Aeronautics Act of 1938, as amended, for a determination whether Pan American World Airways, Inc. has acquired control of Lineas Aereas Costarricenses, S. A., and, if so, for approval of such acquisition.

Notice is hereby given, pursuant to the Civil Aeronautics Act of 1938, as amended, particularly section 403 of said act, that a public hearing in the above-entitled proceeding will be held on October 18, 1954, at 10:00 a. m., e. s. t., in Room 5132 Commerce Building, Fifteenth Street and Constitution Avenue NW., Washington, D. C., before Examiner Edward T. Stodola.

Without limiting the scope of the ssues presented in this proceeding, particular attention will be directed to the following matters:

1. Whether Pan American World Airways, Inc., has acquired control of Lineas Aereas Costarricenses, S. A., within the meaning of section 403 (a) of the Civil Aeronautics Act of 1938, as amended.

2. If Pan American World Airways, Inc. has acquired control of Lineas Aereas Contarricenses, S. A., whether such control is consistent with the public interest and whether it otherwise meets the statutory tests prescribed by section 408 (b) of the Civil Aeronautics Act.

For further details regarding the issues in this proceeding, interested parties are referred to the application in Docket

No. 6594, and to the Prehearing Conference Report of the Examiner, both of which are on file with the Civil Aeronautics Board.

Notice is further given that any person, other than a party of record, desiring to be heard in this proceeding, must file with the Board on or before October 18, 1954, a statement setting forth the propositions of fact or law which he desires to advance.

Dated at Washington, D. C., September 13, 1954.

[SEAL]

FRANCIS W BROWN, Chief Examiner.

[F. R. Dec. 54-7273; Filed, Sept. 15, 1954; 8:52 a. m.]

[Order No. E-8534]

PAN AMERICAN WORLD AMWAYS, INC., ET AL.

IATA CONDITIONS OF CARRIAGE FOR PASSEN-GERS AND CARGO; ORDER EXTENDING PERIOD FOR FILING OBJECTIONS

Adopted by the Civil Aeronautics Board at its office in Washington, D. C., on the 30th day of August 1954.

In the matter of certain resolutions adopted at the Traffic Conference Meetings of the International Air Transport Association (I. A. T. A.) at Honolulu between Pan American World Airways, Inc., various air carriers, foreign air carriers, and other carriers, relating to conditions of carriage and related traffic regulations. Agreement C. A. B. No. 7643 R-18, 81, 62, and 107; Agreement C. A. B. Nos. 2696 R-23 et al. (Order No. E-3230)

The Board, by Order No. E-8543, dated August 5, 1954, set forth certain tentative findings and conclusions with respect to the uniform Conditions of Canage, Passenger and Cargo, of IATA as contained in resolutions 030, 275b, and 600b (CAB Agreement No. 7648 R-18, 82, and 107)

The order granted all interested parties thirty (30) days from the date of issue thercof within which to file answers, with supporting data and reasons, objecting to any of the tentative findings and conclusions therein.

Pan American World Airways, Inc., by letter filed with the Board on August 20, 1954, has requested an extension of the period for filing objections of an additional 90 days.

The Board's proposed action is a matter of great importance to all U. S. flag carrier members of IATA which will require careful study and review by the carriers. An extension of the abovementioned 30 day period will also enable the carriers, both United States and foreign, to discuss the various problems raised by the Board's order at the coming IATA Traffic Conference in Venice, Italy.

Other carriers have made similar requests on an informal basis.

The Board finds that Pan American's request appears to be reasonable and the granting thereof will not unduly delay disposition of this important matter. Since there appear to be no substantial problems involved with R-81 (275) Form of Passenger Ticket and Baggage Check-Amending, and it is desirable that final

action thereon be taken promptly so that the carriers may seasonably arrange for printing tickets and baggage checks, extension of the period for filing objections to the proposed approval of this resolution is not warranted.

Therefore: It is ordered, That:

The period specified in the Ordering Clause of Order No. E-8543 for filing objections to any of the tentative findings and conclusions with respect to Agreements R-18, 82 and 107 set forth therein be hereby extended through December 1, 1954.

By the Civil Aeronautics Board.

[SEAL]

M. C. MULLIGAN, Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 54-7307; Filed, Sept. 15, 1954; 8:52 a. m.1

FEDERAL POWER COMMISSION

[Docket No. E-6580]

Bonneville Project, Columbia River, OREGON-WASHINGTON

NOTICE OF REQUEST FOR APPROVAL OF RATES AND CHARGES

SEPTEMBER 10, 1954.

Notice is hereby given that the Administrator of the Bonneville Project has filed with the Federal Power Commission for confirmation and approval. pursuant to the provisions of the Bonneville Act (50 Stat. 731) as amended, (1) schedules of rates and charges for electric energy sold by the Administrator and (2) general rate schedule provisions, which respectively modify existing filed rate schedules and general rate schedule provisions. The Administrator also requests that they become effective December 20, 1954.

The schedules of rates and charges and the general rate schedule provisions submitted for confirmation and approval are:

AT-SITE FIRM POWER WHOLESALE POWER RATE SCHEDULE A-4

SECTION 1. Availability. This schedule is available to purchasers of firm power delivered by the Administrator under appropriate contracts at the power plants, or at a point or points adjacent thereto to be designated by the Admin-

The amount of power sold from any power plant under this rate schedule shall not exceed the at-site firm power determined by the Administrator to be available.

Power sold under this schedule for direct consumption shall be consumed within fifteen miles of the power plant. and power sold under this schedule for resale shall remain available only to a purchaser the principal part of whose load is consumed within fifteen miles of the power plant.

SEC. 2. Rate. Power sold under this schedule shall be at the rate of fourteen and one-half dollars (\$14.50) net per year per kilowatt of billing demand, and shall be billed each month at onetwelfth (1/12) of the yearly rate.

Sec. 3. Minimum charge. The net minimum monthly charge for service un-

der this schedule shall be one-twelfth (1/12) of fourteen and one-half dollars (\$14.50) per kilowatt of contract demand.

SEC. 4. Billing demand. The billing demand shall be the highest of the following demands:

(1) The contract demand,(2) The measured demand for the month, adjusted for power factor,

(3) The computed demand for the month, if part of the load is supplied from other sources (see section 2.3 of the General Rate Schedule Provisions)

(4) The highest measured or computed demand during the preceeding eleven months, before adjustment for power factor.

SEC. 5. Power factor adjustment. The adjustment for power factor specified in section 4 shall be made by increasing the measured demand for each month by 1 percent for each 1 percent or major fraction thereof by which the average power factor at which electric energy is supplied during such month is less than 0.85 lagging. This adjustment may be waived in whole or in part to the extent that the Administrator determines that a power factor of less than 0.85 lagging would in any particular case be advantageous to the Government. Unless specifically otherwise agreed, the Administrator shall not be obligated to deliver power to the purchaser at any time at a power factor below 0.75 lagging.

SEC. 6. Rate adjustment. This rate schedule shall be subject to such adjustment as the Federal Power Commission may approve upon proposal by the Administrator to become effective on December 20 of the year 1956, or 1957, or 1958: Provided, That the Administrator shall make timely proposal for the adjustment, if adjustment becomes necessary, in order to bring the rate schedule into conformity with the rate standards of the Bonneville Project Act.

SEC. 7. General provisions. Sales of power under this schedule shall be subject to the provisions of the Bonneville Project Act and the applicable General Rate Schedule Provisions.

This schedule supersedes Wholesale Power Rate Schedule A-4 effective March 1. 1946.

TRANSMISSION SYSTEM FIRM POWER WHOLESALE POWER RATE SCHEDULE C-4

SECTION 1. Availability. This schedule is available to purchasers of firm power delivered by the Administrator under appropriate contracts.

SEC. 2. Rate. Power sold under this schedule shall be at the rate of seventeen and one-half dollars (\$17.50) net per year per kilowatt of billing démand and shall be billed each month at one-twelfth $(\frac{1}{12})$ of the yearly rate.

SEC. 3. Minimum charge. The net minimum monthly charge for service under this schedule shall be one-twelfth (1/12) of seventeen and one-half dollars (\$17.50) per kilowatt of contract demand.

Sec. 4. Billing demand. The billing demand shall be the highest of the following demands:

(1) The contract demand.

(2) The measured demand for the month, adjusted for power factor,

(3) The computed demand for the month, if part of the load is supplied from other sources (see sec. 2.3 of General Rate Schedule Provisions),

(4) The highest measured or computed demand during the preceding eleven months, before adjustment for power factor.

Sec. 5. Power factor adjustment. The adjustment for power factor specified in section 4 shall be made by increasing the measured demand for each month by 1 percent for each 1 percent or major fraction thereof by which the average power factor at which electric energy is supplied during such month is less than 0.85 lagging. This adjustment may be waived in whole or in part to the extent that the Administrator determines that a power factor of less than 0.85 lagging would in any particular case be advantageous to the Government. Unless specifically otherwise agreed, the Administrator shall not be obligated to deliver power to the purchaser at any time at a power factor below 0.75 lagging.

SEC. 6. Rate adjustment. This rate schedule shall be subject to such adjustment as the Federal Power Commission may approve upon proposal by the Administrator to become effective on December 20 of the year 1956, or 1957, or 1958: Provided, That the Administrator shall make timely proposal for the adjustment, if adjustment becomes necessary, in order to bring the rate schedule into conformity with the rate standards of the Bonneville Project Act.

Sec. 7. General provisions. Sales of power under this schedule shall be subject to the provisions of the Bonneville Project Act and the applicable General Rate Schedule Provisions.

This schedule supersedes Wholesale Power Rate Schedule C-4 effective March

1, 1946.

WHOLESALE POWER RATE SCHEDULE E-4

SECTION 1. Availability. This schedule is available to purchasers of firm power delivered by the Administrator under appropriate contracts for resale, and for irrigation or drainage pumping use, including incidental use for other purposes in either case.

SEC. 2. Rate. Subject to the provisions of sections 4 and 5, the monthly rate for power sold under this schedule shall be as follows:

Demand charge: 75 cents net per kilowatt of billing demand.

Energy charge: First 200 kilowatt-hours per kilowatt of billing demand at 2.0 mills net per kilowatt-hour. Additional kilowatt-hours at 1.0 mill net

per kilowatt-hour.

Sec. 3. Billing demand. The billing demand under this rate schedule shall be the higher of the following demands:

(1) The measured demand for the month, adjusted for power factor,

(2) 70 percent of the highest measured demand, after adjustment for power factor, during the preceding eleven months exclusive of measured demands for the period from May 1 through September 30. This subsection (2) shall not apply to purchasers who use the power purchased under this rate schedule solely for irrigation or drainage pumping, and for uses incidental thereto. and who do not resell any of the power so purchased.

SEC. 4. Limitations. (1) The amount payable under any billing shall not be less than 90 percent of the amount resulting from the application of the above charges and provisions in this schedule to the entire requirements of the separate system to which the billing applies.

(2) For a period extending until five years after the date service is first rendered by the Administrator to a newly developed separate system, the net amount, after applying any applicable irrigation and drainage pumping discounts, payable for such system shall not exceed the higher of (1) 3.5 mills multiplied by the number of kilowatt-hours supplied, plus any increase in demand charge due to power factor adjustment. or (2) 3.5 mills multiplied by 90 percent of the entire energy requirements of the separate system to which the billing applies, plus any increase in demand charge due to power factor adjustment.

(3) The 90 percent specified in limitations (1) and (2) above shall be subject to an appropriate adjustment if the purchaser is unable to obtain his full requirements from the Administrator.

Sec. 5. Irrigation and drainage pumping provision. During the period from May 1 through September 30 each year, a discount of four-tenths mill (\$0.0004) per kilowatt-hour will be applied to energy purchased from the Administrator under this rate schedule and resold by the purchaser to customers for strictly irrigation or drainage pumping and uses incidental thereto. Such discount also will be applied during the five-month period to energy purchased under this rate schedule by purchasers organized for and using such electric energy solely for irrigation or drainage pumping and uses incidental thereto.

Where irrigation or drainage pumping energy is purchased for resale by the purchaser:

(1) The kilowatt-hours to which the discount is applied will be the irrigation or drainage pumping kilowatt-hours metered for resale by the purchaser increased by 10 percent for losses.

(2) The discount will apply only to such irrigation or drainage pumping energy as is separately metered by the purchaser. In order to have such discount applied, the purchaser, except as provided in (3) below, shall supply within 10 days after the close of the Administrator's monthly billing period a record of the kilowatt-hours for each irrigation or drainage pumping customer so metered, and also such other data as are reasonably requested by the Admin-

(3) Purchasers may supply such data to the Administrator on other than a monthly basis if the data correspond to the purchasers' regular billing periods that may be in effect for billing such urrigation or drainage pumping deliveries to its customers. In such instances

the discount will be applied to the Administrator's monthly bill most nearly corresponding to the purchaser's reqular billing period for such customers.

Notwithstanding any other provisions of this schedule, the Administrator may include in contracts with purchasers of irrigation or drainage pumping power a minimum annual charge for such power in an amount which shall return the annual costs on special facilities, if any, required to be installed by the Administrator to supply such service. At the end of the calendar year the purchaser will be billed for any amount by which said required minimum annual charge exceeds the total amounts previously billed for the year.

SEC. 6. Power factor adjustment. The adjustment for power factor specified in section 3 shall be made by increasing the measured demand for each month by 1 percent for each 1 percent or major fraction thereof by which the average power factor at which energy is supplied during such month is less than 0.95 lagging. This adjustment may be waived in whole or in part to the extent that the Administrator determines that a power factor of less than 0.95 lagging would in any particular case be advantageous to the Government. Unless specifically otherwise agreed, the Administrator shall not be obligated to deliver power to the purchaser at any time at a power factor below 0.75 lagging.

Sec. 7. Rate adjustment. This rate schedule shall be subject to such adjustment as the Federal Power Commission may approve upon proposal by the Administrator to become effective on December 20 of the year 1956, or 1957, or 1948: Provided, That the Administrator shall make timely proposal for the adjustment, if adjustment becomes necessary, in order to bring the rate schedule into conformity with the rate standards of the Bonneville Project Act.

Sec. 8. General provisions. Sales of power under this schedule shall be subnect to the provisions of the Bonneville Project Act and the applicable General Rate Schedule Provisions.

This schedule supersedes Wholesale Power Rate Schedule E-4, as amended July 1, 1952.

WHOLESALE POWER RATE SCHEDULE F-4

SECTION 1. Availability. This schedule is available to purchasers of firm power delivered by the Administrator under appropriate contracts.

Sec. 2. Rates. Power shall be sold under this schedule at the following monthly rate:

Demand charge: 75 cents net per kligwatt

of billing demand. Energy charge: First 360 kilowatt-hours per kilowatt of billing demand at 2.5 mills net per kilowatt-hour.

Additional kilowatt-hours at 1.0 mill net per kilowatt-hour.

Sec. 3. Minimum charge. The total net minimum monthly charge for service under this schedule shall be the higher of (1) 75 cents per kilowatt of contract demand, or (2) 75 percent of the highest demand charge billed during the precedmay include in contracts for the sale of power under this rate cehedule a provision requiring a higher minimum charge based on load factor.

Sec. 4. Billing demand. The billing demand under this rate schedule shall be the highest of the following demands:

 The contract demand,
 The measured demand for the month, adjusted for power factor.

(3) The computed demand for the month, if part of the load is supplied from other sources (see sec. 2.3 of General Rate Scheaule Provisions)

SEC. 5. Power factor adjustment. The adjustment for power factor specified in section 4 shall be made by increasing the measured demand for each month by 1 percent for each 1 percent or major fraction thereof by which the average power factor at which electric energy is supplied during such month is less than 005 lagging. This adjustment may be waived in whole or in part to the extent that the Administrator determines that a power factor of less than 0.85 lagging would in any particular case be advantageous to the Government. Unless specifically otherwise agreed, the Administrator shall not be obligated to deliver power to the purchaser at any time at a power factor below 0.75 lagging.

Sec. 6. Rate adjustment. This rate cehedule shall be subject to such adjustment as the Federal Power Commission may approve upon proposal by the Administrator to become effective on December 20 of the year 1956, or 1957, or 1950: Provided, That the Administrator shall make timely proposal for the adjustment, if adjustment becomes necessary, in order to bring the rate schedule into conformity with the rate standards of the Bonneville Project Act.

Sec. 7. General provisions. Sales of power under this schedule shall be subject to the provisions of the Bonneville Project Act and the applicable General Rate Schedule Provisions.

This schedule supersedes Wholesale Power Rate Schedule F-4 effective April 1, 1948.

DUMP IMEEGY

WHOLESALE EMERGY RATE SCHEDULE H-3

Section 1. Availability. This schedule is available to purchasers of dump energy delivered by the Administrator under appropriate contracts in cases in which the Administrator determines that the purchaser normally maintains electric generating facilities or has firm standby contracts or other sources of energy satisfactory to the Administrator sufficient to supply the purchaser's requirements when dump energy is not delivered. This schedule also applies to energy delivered for experimental and testing purposes and for emergency and breakdown use under the conditions set forth in sections 7.1 and 8.1, respectively, of the applicable General Rate Schedule Provisions.

Sec. 2. Delivery. Delivery of dump energy is not assured. The Administrator shall be the sole judge of whether and when dump energy will be delivered. ing eleven months. The Administrator and if delivered, the amount thereof.

In the event that the dump energy available to the Administrator is insufficient to supply the requirements of all purchasers thereof, the Administrator shall, in his sole discretion, designate the purchasers to whom such dump energy shall be delivered and the amount thereof to be delivered to each such purchaser.

SEC. 3. Rate. Energy shall be sold under this schedule at two and one-half (2.5) mills net per kilowatt-hour delivered.

SEC. 4. Minimum charge. If it is necessary for the Government to install extra equipment or extra capacity for the purpose of delivering energy under this schedule, the contract for the sale of energy shall provide a minimum charge sufficient, in the judgment of the Administrator, to protect the Government from loss due to the installation of such extra equipment or extra capacity.

SEC. 5. Rate adjustment. This rate schedule shall be subject to such adjustment as the Federal Power Commission may approve upon proposal by the Administrator to become effective on December 20 of the year 1956, or 1957, or 1958: Provided, That the Administrator shall make timely proposal for the adjustment, if adjustment becomes necessary, in order to bring the rate schedule into conformity with the rate standards of the Bonneville Project Act.

SEC. 6. General provisions. Sales of power under this schedule shall be subject to the provisions of the Bonneville Project Act and the applicable General Rate Schedule Provisions.

This schedule supersedes Wholesale Energy Rate Schedule H-3 effective March 1, 1946.

WHOLESALE POWER RATE SCHEDULE R-1

SECTION 1. Availability. This schedule applies to at-site and transmission system firm power used by railroads primarily for traction purposes, delivered under appropriate contracts to railroads or to purchasers for resale to railroads. The points of delivery shall be so located that the capacity required for the estimated load at each point of delivery shall be not less than 7,500 kva, unless in any particular case the Administrator determines that it would be advantageous to the Government to supply a lower capacity.

SEC. 2. Rate. Energy shall be sold under this schedule at four mills per kilowatt-hour of net energy supplied adjusted for power factor as set forth below. Such net energy before adjustment for power factor will be determined as the aggregate number of kilowatthours delivered to the purchaser's system at all points of delivery less the number of kilowatt-hours resulting from regenerative braking received by the Government for the purchaser's system. The energy flowing in both directions will be metered separately as of each point of delivery.

SEC. 3. Minimum charge. The net minimum charge under this schedule shall be \$0.50 per month times the aggre-

gate kva capacity of all of the points of delivery.

SEC. 4. Power factor adjustment. The net energy before adjustment for power factor will be increased 1 percent for each 1 percent or major fraction thereof by which the average power factor is less than 0.95 lagging. This adjustment may be waived in whole or in part to the extent that the Administrator determines that a power factor of less than 0.95 lagging would in any particular case be advantageous to the Government. Unless specifically otherwise agreed, the Administrator shall not be obligated to deliver power at any time at a power factor below 0.75 lagging.

SEC. 5. Rate adjustment. This rate schedule shall be subject to such adjustment as the Federal Power Commission may approve upon proposal by the Administrator to become effective on December 20 of the year 1956, or 1957, or 1958: Provided, That the Administrator shall make timely proposal for the adjustment, if adjustment becomes necessary, in order to bring the rate schedule into conformity with the rate standards of the Bonneville Project Act.

Sec. 6. General provisions. Sales of power under this schedule shall be subject to the provisions of the Bonneville Project Act and to the applicable General Rate Schedule Provisions.

This schedule supersedes Wholesale Power Rate Schedule R-1 effective April 1, 1948.

GENERAL RATE SCHEDULE PROVISIONS

1.1 Firm power Firm power is power which the Administrator assures as being continuously available to a customer to meet his load requirements except when operation of the facilities used by the Government to serve the purchaser is suspended, interrupted, interfered with, or curtailed due to uncontrollable forces as defined herein, or because of necessary maintenance.

2.1 Contract demand. The contract demand shall be the number of kilowatts that the Administrator agrees to have available for delivery to the purchaser under the conditions stated in the rate schedule. Any delivery of power in excess of contract demand shall in no event obligate the Administrator to continue to deliver power in excess of the contract demand.

2.2 Measured demand. Except where deliveries are scheduled as hereinafter provided, the measured demand for any class of power, for any point of delivery and for any period, shall be the largest of the 30-minute integrated demands at which such class of power is delivered to the purchaser at such point during such period. The Administrator, in determining the measured demand, will exclude any abnormal 30-minute integrated demands due to or resulting from emergencies, breakdowns, or maintenance of the Government's facilities. The class of power referred to above may include but is not restricted to firm, dump, experimental, testing, emergency, breakdown, and interruptible power.

If the contractual arrangements provide for the delivery of more than one

class of power to the purchaser at any point of delivery, the total 30-minute integrated demands at such point will be determined from measurements as specified in the contract, or estimated where metering or other data are not available for such determination. The portion of each of such demands assignable to each class of power will be determined according to the terms of the contract.

If the flow of electric energy to the purchaser at any point or points of delivery cannot be adequately controlled because the purchaser's system is interconnected with one or more systems which are also interconnected directly or indirectly with the Government's system, the purchaser's measured demand for each class of power, for such point or points, and for any period, shall be the largest of the hourly amounts of such class of power which are scheduled for delivery to the purchaser at such point or points during such period.

2.3 Computed demand. A. The determination of computed demand for purchasers whose hydro generating facilities depend essentially upon daily usable streamflow, or for purchasers having only fuel-burning generating fa-

cilities, is made as follows:

(1) Determine for the billing month the capability of the purchaser's hydro generating facilities, both in terms of 30-minute peaking and of energy, under the water conditions which would have occurred during the same month in the critical year of record including modifications due to upstream storage operations. The determination will be made on the basis of the average daily usable streamflow in the critical year calculated separately for the first ten days, the second ten days, and the remainder of the month, respectively.

(2) Determine the capability, both in terms of 30-minute peaking and of energy, of the purchaser's fuel-burning generating facilities based on the most adverse fuel conditions reasonably to be anticipated and for which prudent operation would require provision to be

Limitation of fuel supply due to war or other extraordinary emergency will receive special treatment as required to conform to the basic purposes of the computed demand as stated above.

(3) Determine the firm peaking and energy capability available to the purchaser from other sources through purchase, lease, and exchange agreements.

(4) Determine the purchaser's assured capability for either peaking or energy by adding the capabilities determined in A (1), (2), and (3) above and deducting appropriate reserves.

(5) The computed demand for the month will be the greater of:

(a) The largest amount for any half hour by which the purchaser's actual system demand exceeds the purchaser's

assured capability, or
(b) The largest amount during the month by which the purchaser's actual system average energy load for each tonday period exceeds the purchaser's assured average energy capability for the corresponding ten-day period.

- B. The determination of computed demand for purchasers having seasonal storage facilities (subsequently defined) is made as follows:
- (1) Determine the 30-minute peaking and monthly energy capabilities of all nonstorage resources described in A (1), (2) and (3) above.
- (2) Determine the monthly capabilities, both in terms of 30-minute peaking and of energy, of hydro generation facilities having seasonal storage, by relating total system resources to estimated monthly loads for the current operating year with storage utilized to provide the minimum peaking or energy requirement after deduction of adequate reserve generating capacity.

This determination will be made prior to the beginning of each operating year.

- (3) The purchaser's assured monthly capability for either peaking or energy will be the total system resources less reserves, as determined in B (1) and (2) above.
- (4) The computed demand for the month will be the greater of:
- (a) The largest amount for any half hour by which the purchaser's actual system demand exceeds the purchaser's assured capability, or
- (b) The purchaser's actual system average energy load for the month less the purchaser's assured average energy capability for the corresponding month.

Seasonal Storage shall mean storage sheld over from the annual high-water season to the following low-water season in an amount sufficient to regulate the hydro energy resources of the system to the system load requirements in a manner which would result in a uniform computed energy demand for a period of one month or more.

The use of computed demand as one of the alternatives in determining billing demand is intended to assure that each purchaser who purchases power from the Administrator to supplement his own facilities or other firm-power purchases will take a block of power substantially equivalent to the additional capacity which the purchaser would otherwise have to provide on the basis of normal and prudent operation, viz. sufficient capacity to carry the load through the most critical water or other conditions reasonably to be anticipated, with an adequate operating reserve.

Since the computed demand depends on the relationship of capability of resources to system requirements, the computed demand for any month cannot be determined until after the end of the month. As each purchaser must estimate his own load, and is in the best position to follow its development from day to day, it will be his responsibility to request scheduling of firm power, including any increase over previously established demands, on the basis estimated by him to result in the most advantageous purchase of the power to be billed at the end of the month.

Each contract in which computed demand may be a factor in determining the billing demand shall have attached to it as an exhibit a calculation of the computed demand of the purchaser for the period having the highest computed de-

mand during the twelve months immediately preceding the effective date of the contract.

- 2.4 Restricted demand. If at any time the Administrator notifies the purchaser that future delivery of power will be restricted, or restricts power delivery to a specific amount which he determines can be made available (not including temporary restrictions made necessary by emergency conditions) then, in determining subsequent bills such restricted demand shall be substituted for any higher ratcheted demand or current computed demand which would otherwise be applicable. This provision shall not be deemed to give the Administrator the right to restrict deliveries below contract demand.
- 3.1 Administrator The term Administrator means the Bonneville Power Administrator or such other department, agency, or official authorized by law to perform functions now performed by the Administrator, or any of their authorized agents.
- 4.1 Character of service. Power and energy supplied hereunder will be 3-phase alterating current at approximately 60 cycles per second, or such other type of service as may be available.
- 5.1 Point of delivery and delivery voltage. Power and energy shall be delivered to each purchaser at such point or points and such voltage or voltages as are agreed upon by the Administrator and the purchaser. Delivery at more than one voltage shall constitute delivery at more than one point.

Unless otherwise specifically provided in the rate schedule, where service is rendered to a purchaser at more than one point of delivery, the service at each point of delivery shall be billed separately under the applicable rate schedule. Provision for combined billing may be made in other cases, under conditions and terms specifically provided in the power sales contract, when:

(a) Delivery at more than one point is advantageous to the Government, or (b) the flow of power at the several points of delivery is reasonably beyond the control of the purchaser.

6.1 'Application of rates during initial operating period. In order to promote the development of new industries, the Administrator, for an initial operating period beginning with the commencement of operation of a new plant or major addition to an existing plant, and extending for such period as may be reasonably required by the character of the operation but not to exceed three months, may agree (a) to bill for service to such new plant or major addition on the basis of the maximum demand for each day, or (b) if such new plant or major addition is served by a distributor purchasing power therefor from the Administrator, to bill for that portion of such distributor's load which results from service to such new plant or major addition on the basis of the maximum demand for each day. The initial operating period may, with approval of the Federal Power Commission, be extended beyond the initial three months' period for such additional time as the character of operations may reasonably require. During such initial operating period such rate schedule provisions regarding contract demand, billing demand, and minimum monthly charge as are inconsistent with this section will be inoperative.

7.1 Energy used for experimental and testing purposes. In order to promote experimentation in new processing methods and in development of new types of load within the market area. the Administrator, for such time as may be reasonably required by the character of the experimentation, but not to exceed six months from the date of initial service unless approval of the Federal Power Commission is first obtained, may sell the energy used solely for such experimentation in accordance with Wholesale Energy Rate Schedule H-3. Energy used solely for testing of new equipment or processes also may be sold by the Administrator under the same conditions as apply to experimental energy.

8.1 Energy supplied for emergency and breakdown use. A purchaser taking firm power shall pay in accordance with Wholesale Energy Rate Schedule H-3 for any energy which has been supplied (a) for an emergency or breakdown use on the purchaser's system, or (b) following such emergency or breakdown to replace energy secured from sources other than the Government during such emergency or breakdown.

9.1 Billing month. Meters will normally be read and bills computed at intervals of one month. A month is defined as an interval of approximately 30 days between normal meter-reading dates. If service is for less or more than the normal billing month, the monthly charges stated in the applicable rate schedule will be appropriately adjusted.

9.2 Payment of bills. Bills for power shall be rendered monthly and shall be payable at the office of the Administrator. Failure to receive a bill shall not release the purchaser from liability for payment. If payment in full is not made on or before the close of business of the thirtleth day after the date of the bill, a delayed payment charge of two percent (2%) of the unpaid amount of the bill will be made except in the case of bills rendered under contracts with other agencies of the United States.

The Administrator may, whenever a power bill or a portion thereof remains unpaid subsequent to the thirtieth day after the date of the bill, and after giving thirty days' advance notice in writing, cancel the contract for service to the purchaser, but such cancellation chall not affect the purchaser's liability for any charges accrued prior thereto.

Remittances received by mail will be accepted without assessment of the two percent (2%) delayed payment charge provided the postmark indicates the payment was mailed on or before the thirtieth day after the date of the bill. If the thirtieth day after the date of the bill is a Sunday or a holiday, the next following business day shall be the last day on which payment may be made without the addition of the delayed payment charge.

10.1 Change from one rate schedule to another Upon written request to the Administrator, any purchaser who has contracted for service under any rate schedule may change, at his option, to any other applicable rate schedule under an appropriate amendment to the contract, effective during the remainder of the original contract term. Only one such change will be permitted during the term of the original contract, other than changes resulting from the purchaser's option to substitute any applicable new rate schedule which may be filed by the Administrator. The change in rate will be made effective at the beginning of the first billing period following receipt of such request or at such later date as the request may stipulate. The billing

rate schedule shall be applied, if applicable, in computing bills under the newly elected rate schedule in the same manner as if they had been established under the newly elected rate schedule.

11.1 Approval of rates. Schedules of rates and charges for electric energy sold to purchasers by the Administrator shall become effective only after confirmation and approval by the Federal Power Commission. Such rate schedules may be modified from time to time by the Administrator subject to confirmation and approval by the Federal Power Commission.

12.1 Average power factor The formula for determining average power factor is as follows:

Kilowatt-hours

Average Power Factor = $\sqrt{\frac{\text{(Kilowatt-hours)}^2 + (\text{Reactive kilovolt-ampere-hours)}^2}{\sqrt{\frac{\text{(Kilowatt-hours)}^2 + (\text{Reactive kilovolt-ampere-hours)}^2}}}$

In applying the above formula, the meter for measurement of reactive kilovoltampere-hours will be ratcheted to prevent reverse registration.

When deliveries to a purchaser at any point of delivery include more than one class of power and it is impracticable to separately meter the kilowatt-hours and reactive kilovolt-ampere-hours for each class, the average power factor of the total deliveries for the month will be used, where applicable, as the power factor for each of the separate classes.

13.1 Uncontrollable forces. The term Uncontrollable Forces means (a) strikes affecting the operation of the purchaser's works or system or other physical facilities upon which such operation is completely dependent, or of physical facilities used by the Government to serve the purchaser, or (b) events, reasonably beyond the control of the party having jurisdiction thereof, causing failure, damage, or destruction of such works, system, or facilities which by the exercise of reasonable diligence such party could not reasonably have been expected to avoid. Each party shall notify the other immediately of any defect, trouble. or accident which may in any way affect the delivery of power by the Government to the purchaser. In the event the operations of either party are suspended, interrupted, interfered with, or curtailed due to uncontrollable forces, such party shall exercise due diligence to reinstate such operations with all reasonable dispatch.

13.2 Reduction in charges on account of interruptions. If operation of the customer's works or system or other physical facilities upon which such opera-tion is completely dependent, or if operation of physical facilities used by the Government to serve the purchaser is suspended, interrupted, interfered with, or curtailed due to uncontrollable forces, as defined herein, or because of necessary maintenance on the Government's system, the charges for power shall be appropriately reduced. No interruption of less than five (5) minutes duration will be considered for computation of such reduction in charges.

14.1 Determination of estimated billing data. In cases where amounts of power and energy purchased by a distributor must be estimated from information on use of power by ultimate consumers of that distributor, the Administrator shall review the data on consumer use of power submitted by the purchaser, and if any changes are deemed necessary, will advise the purchaser of the changes proposed. In the event that agreement cannot be reached as to the estimate, a binding determination shall be made by a committee composed of one member appointed by the Administrator, one member appointed by the purchaser, and if necessary, one member who shall have no direct interest to be selected by the two members so appointed.

15.1 Sale of interruptible power Interruptible power is power which the Administrator agrees to deliver except when curtailed by him upon reasonable notice. The wholesale power rate schedules applicable to the sales of firm power by the Administrator shall also apply to sales of interruptible power, subject to the following provisions:

A. The billing demand shall be the measured demand for the month, adjusted for power factor.

B. The minimum monthly charge for firm power included in such schedules shall not apply.

C. If the Administrator curtails or agrees at the request of the purchaser to curtail deliveries of interruptible power during any month:

(1) The rates per kilowatt and the energy blocks, if any, stated in the schedules shall be prorated according to the ratio of the time in each portion of the month during which the same restrictions were continuously in effect to the total time in the month, and

(2) The billing demand for interruptible power for such portion of the month shall be the measured demand during such portion of the month adjusted, pursuant to the applicable rate schedule, for the average power factor for the entire month.

D. Any contract which provides that the purchaser shall purchase a specified amount of interruptible power until firm power is substituted therefor when it becomes available for that purpose as provided in such contract, shall include a minimum billing demand for such interruptible power which shall apply except when deliveries thereof are cur-

factors established under the superseded tailed by the Administrator below the specified amount to be purchased.

> Anyone desiring to make representation with respect to the foregoing should submit the same on or before October 15. 1954, to the Federal Power Commission, Washington 25, D. C.

[SEAL]

LEON M. FUQUAY, Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 54-7252; Filed, Sept. 15, 1954; 8:47 a. m.]

> [Docket No. G-25661 UNION GAS SYSTEM, INC. NOTICE OF APPLICATION

> > SEPTEMBER 10, 1954.

Union Gas System, Inc. (Applicant), a Kansas corporation with its principal office in Independence, Kansas, filed on August 23, 1954, an application pursuant to section 7 (b) of the Natural Gas Act for permission and approval (1) to abandon and remove facilities presently providing service to Altamont and Mound Valley, Kansas, consisting of 16.5 miles of transmission pipeline; and (2) to abandon service presently being rendered Altamont.

Applicant states that local gas supplies have become inadequate, and to avoid purchasing interstate gas from Cities Service Gas Company at Coffeyville, Kansas, for transportation to Altamont and Mound Valley, Kansas, by means of existing facilities, it has completed arrangements with Cities Service Gas Company for that company to construct and operate facilities to connect with a line to be constructed by the City of Altamont, Kansas. Service to Mound Valley is proposed to be rendered by Applicant by means of a new pipeline interconnecting facilities of Cities Service and Mound Valley, Kansas.

Protests or petitions to intervene may be filed with the Federal Power Commission, Washington, D. C., in accordance with the Commission's rules of practice and procedure (18 CFR 1.8 or 1.10) on or before the 30th day of September 1954. The application is on file with the Commission for public inspection.

[SEAL]

LEON M. FUQUAY, Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 54-7251; Filed, Sept. 15, 1954; 8:47 a. m.]

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH, EDU-CATION, AND WELFARE

[Interim Department Order 2 1]

ASSISTANT SECRETARY

ORDER OF SUCCESSION TO POSITION OF ACTING SECRETARY

Pursuant to the authority vested in me by section 2 of Reorganization Plan No. 1 of 1953: It is ordered, That:

During the absence or disability of the Secretary and the Under Secretary or in the event of a simultaneous vacancy

² Supersedes Interim Department Order 2 (18 F. R. 2421).

in the offices of Secretary and Under Secretary, the Assistant Secretary who is senior according to date of his commission shall act as Secretary.

[SEAL]

OVETA CULP HOBBY, Secretary.

August 11, 1954.

[F. R. Doc. 54-7254; Filed, Sept. 15, 1954; 8:48 a. m.]

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

[File No. 1-3091]

GREAT CONSOLIDATED ELECTRIC POWER Co., Ltd.

NOTICE OF APPLICATION TO STRIKE FROM LISTING AND REGISTRATION, AND OF OP-PORTUNITY FOR HEARING

SEPTEMBER 10, 1954.

In the matter of Great Consolidated Electric Power Company, Limited (Daido Denryoku Kabushiki Kaisha) First Mortgage 7 Percent Sinking Fund Gold Bonds, Series A, due August 1, 1944, File No. 1–3091.

The New York Stock Exchange, pursuant to section 12 (d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule X-12D2-1 promulgated thereunder, has made application to strike from listing and registration the First Mortgage 7 Percent Sinking Fund Gold Bonds, Series A, due August 1, 1944, of Great Consolidated Electric Power Company, Limited.

The application alleges that the reasons for striking this security from listing and registration on this exchange are:

- (1) According to a report dated July 12, 1954, by the New York office of the Bank of Japan, 89 percent of the principal amount of the issue has been accepted pursuant to an offer dated November 24, 1952, of the Government of Japan to assume the liabilities for the bonds and to extend the maturity date of the bonds and payment dates of coupons dated on and after December 22, 1942, and prior to September 26, 1952, for a period of 10 years in each case.
- (2) According to the files at the Exchange only \$151,500 principal amount of the unextended bonds remains outstanding.
- (3) The offer of the Government of Japan is being continued.
- (4) Dealings on the New York Stock Exchange were suspended prior to the opening of the trading session on August 2, 1954, and
- (5) In the opinion of the Exchange, further dealings therein are inadvisable in view of the small amount remaining outstanding.

Upon receipt of a request, prior to September 24, 1954, from any interested person for a hearing in regard to terms to be imposed upon the delisting of this security, the Commission will determine whether to set the matter down for hearing. Such request should state briefly the nature of the interest of the person requesting the hearing and the position he proposes to take at the hearing with respect to imposition of terms or condi-

tions. In addition, any interested person may submit his views or any additional facts bearing on this application by means of a letter addressed to the Secretary of the Securities and Exchange Commission, Washington, D. C. If no one requests a hearing on this matter, this application will be determined by order of the Commission on the basis of the facts stated in the application, and other information contained in the official file of the Commission pertaining to this matter.

By the Commission.

[SEAL]

ORVAL L. DuBois, Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 54-7263; Filed, Sept. 15, 1954; 8:50 a. m.]

[File No. 70-3233]

COLUMBIA GAS SYSTEM, INC.
ORDER AUTHORIZING PROPOSED DANK
BORROWINGS

SEPTEMBER 10, 1954.

The Columbia Gas System, Inc. ("Columbia") a registered holding company, has filed a declaration pursuant to sections 6 and 7 of the Public Utility Holding Company Act of 1935 regarding the following proposed transactions:

Columbia proposes to borrow \$25,000,-000 in aggregate amount from eleven commercial banks, to be evidenced by notes dated September 30, 1954, and maturing on August 31, 1955. The notes will bear interest at the prime commercial rate and may be prepaid without penalty prior to maturity. Columbia agrees, however, that no prepayment will be made with funds borrowed from banks at a lower rate of interest. The names of the lending banks and their respective participations are as follows:

Bankers Trust Co	2,500,000
Chemical Bank & Trust Co	2,500,000
Irving Trust Co	2,500,000
Mellon National Bank & Trust	
Co	2, 500, 000
The Hanover Bank	1,000,000
Brown Brothers, Harriman & Co.	1,000,000
The First National Bank of the	
City of New York	1,000,000
J. P. Morgan & Co., Inc.	1,000,000
National City Bank of New York.	1,000,000
Manufacturers Trust Co	1,000,000

Guaranty Trust Co. of New York. \$9,000,000

rotal_____ 25,000,0

The proceeds of said borrowings will be used to repay 31/4 percent bank loans in the same principal amount which will mature on September 30, 1954. Said loans were negotiated in 1953 to raise part of the funds required in connection with the system's construction program for that year. Columbia has raised \$90,-000,000 of new money during the current year to provide for additional plant facilities, a major portion of which will be devoted to the transmission and distribution of an additional gas supply to be made available to the system upon the completion by Gulf Interstate Gas Company (a non-affiliate) of its gas transmission system from Louisiana to West Virginia. Columbia estimates that, with the refunding of its present bank loans, no further financing during 1954 will be required.

Due notice of the filing of said declaration having been given in the manner precerized by Rule U-23, and no hearing having been requested of or ordered by the Commission; and the Commission finding that the applicable standards of the act and the rules promulgated thereunder are satisfied, and deeming it appropriate in the public interest and in the interest of investors and consumers that the declaration should be permitted to become effective forthwith:

It is ordered, Pursuant to Rule U-23 and the applicable provisions of the act, that said declaration be, and hereby is, permitted to become effective forthwith, subject to the terms and conditions prescribed in Rule U-24.

By the Commission.

[SEAL]

ORVAL L. DuBois, Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 54-7264; Filed, Sopt. 15, 1954; 8:59 a. m.]

[File No. 70-3230]

PHILADELPHIA CO. AND STANDARD GAS AND ELECTRIC CO.

ORDER AUTHORIZING RENIEWAL OF PRODUS-SORY NOTE

SEPTEMBER 10, 1954.

Philadelphia Company ("Philadelphia"), a régistered holding company and a subsidiary of Standard Gas and Electric Company ("Standard Gas") and Standard Power and Light Corporation, also registered holding companies, and its parent, Standard Gas, have filed a joint application-declaration pursuant to rections 6 (a) 7, 9, and 10 of the Public Utility Holding Company Act of 1935 ("act") with respect to the following proposed transaction:

The companies propose that Philadelphia will issue and deliver to Standard Gas a renewal promissory note in replacement of a promissory note in the principal amount of \$2,500,000, maturing September 10, 1954, and bearing interest at the rate of 3½ percent per annum payable monthly. The renewal note, in the same principal amount, will be dated September 10, 1954, will bear interest, payable monthly, at the prime interest rate prevailing for short-term commercial bank loans at the date of its issuance, and will mature September 10, 1955, with the right in the issuer to anticipate at any time the payment of all or any part of the principal thereof.

Due notice of the filing of said application-declaration having been given in the manner provided by Rule U-23 promulgated under the act, and a hearing not having been requested of or ordered by the Commission; and the Commission finding that the applicable provisions of the act and the rules thereunder have been satisfied and that no adverse findings are necessary, and deeming it appropriate in the public interest and in the interest of investors and consumers that said application-declaration be granted and permitted to become effective forthwith;

It is ordered, Pursuant to Rule U-23 and the applicable provisions of the act. that said application-declaration be, and hereby is, granted and permitted to become effective forthwith, subject to the terms and conditions prescribed in Rule U-24.

By the Commission.

[SEAL]

ORVAL L. DUBOIS. Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 54-7263; Filed, Sept. 15, 1954; 8:50 a. m.]

INTERSTATE COMMERCE COMMISSION

[4th Sec. Application 29675]

IRON AND STEEL ARTICLES BETWEEN POINTS IN WESTERN TRUNK LINE, OFFICIAL AND SOUTHERN TERRITORIES, AND POINTS IN MISSOURI

APPLICATION FOR RELIEF

SEPTEMBER 13, 1954.

The Commission is in receipt of the above-entitled and numbered application for relief from the long-and-shorthaul provision of section 4 (1) of the Interstate Commerce Act.

Filed by W J. Prueter, Agent, for carriers parties to schedules listed below. Commodities involved: Iron and steel

articles, carloads.

Between: Points in western trunk line. official and southern territories, on the one hand, and Dodson, Kimmswick, Prospect and certain other points in Missouri, on the other.

Grounds for relief: Rail competition, circuity, to maintain grouping, rates constructed on the basis of the short line distance formula, and additional points.

Schedules filed containing proposed rates: W J. Prueter, Agent, I. C. C. No. A-4041, supp. 4; W J. Prueter, Agent, I. C. C., No. A-4048, supp. 2; H. R. Hinsch, Agent, I C. C. No. 4069, supp. 3.

Any interested person desiring the Commission to hold a hearing upon such application shall request the Commission in writing so to do within 15 days from the date of this notice. As provided by the general rules of practice of the Commission, Rule 73, persons other than applicants should fairly disclose their interest, and the position they intend to take at the hearing with respect to the application. Otherwise the Commission, in its discretion, may proceed to investigate and determine the matters involved in such application without further or formal hearing. If because of an emergency a grant of temporary relief is found to be necessary before the expiration of the 15-day period, a hearing, upon a request filed within that period, may be held subsequently.

By the Commission.

[SEAL]

GEORGE W. LAIRD, Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 54-7255; Filed, Sept. 15, 1954; 8:48 a. m.1

[4th Sec. Application 29676]

COTTONSEED OIL CAKE OR MEAL FROM ALABAMA, GEORGIA, SOUTH CAROLINA AND FLORIDA TO JACKSONVILLE, FLA.

APPLICATION FOR RELIEF

SEPTEMBER 13, 1954.

The Commission is in receipt of the above-entitled and numbered application for relief from the long-and-shorthaul provision of section 4 (1) of the Interstate Commerce Act.

Filed by R. E. Boyle, Jr., Agent, for carriers parties to schedule listed below.

Commodities involved: Oil cake or oil cake meal, cottonseed, peanut or soybean, carloads.

From: Points in Alabama, Georgia, South Carolina, and Florida.

To: Jacksonville and South Jacksonville, Fla.

Grounds for relief: Rail competition. circuity, competition with motor carriers, and rates constructed on the basis of the short line distance formula.

Schedules filed containing proposed rates; C. A. Spaninger, Agent, I. C. C.

No. 1411, supp. 12.

Any interested person desiring the Commission to hold a hearing upon such application shall request the Commission in writing so to do within 15 days from the date of this notice. As provided by the general rules of practice of the Commission, Rule 73, persons other than applicants should fairly disclose their interest, and the position they intend to take at the hearing with respect to the application. Otherwise the Commission, in its discretion, may proceed to investigate and determine the matters involved in such application without further or formal hearing. If because of an emergency a grant of temporary relief is found to be necessary before the expiration of the 15-day period, a hearing, upon a request filed within that period, may be held subsequently.

By the Commission.

[SEAL]

GEORGE W. LAIRD, Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 54-7256; Filed, Sept. 15, 1954; 8:49 a. m.]

[4th Sec. Application 29677]

SHALE CINDERS FROM KENLITE, KY., TO DETROIT, MICH., AND SWITZ CITY, IND.

APPLICATION FOR RELIEF

SEPTEMBER 13, 1954.

The Commission is in receipt of the above-entitled and numbered application for relief from the long-and-shorthaul provision of section 4 (1) of the Interstate Commerce Act.

Filed by R. E. Boyle, Jr., Agent, for carriers parties to schedule listed below. Commodities involved: Cinders, shale, carloads.

From: Kenlite, Ky.

To: Detroit, Mich., and Switz City, Ind. Grounds for relief: Rail competition. circuity, and rates constructed on the basis of the short line distance formula.

Schedules filed containing proposed rates: C. A. Spaninger, Agent, I. C. C. No. 1315, supp. 77,

Any interested person desiring the Commission to hold a hearing upon such application shall request the Commission in writing so to do within 15 days from the date of this notice. As provided by the general rules of practice of the Commission, Rule 73, persons other than applicants should fairly disclose their interest, and the position they intend to take at the hearing with respect to the application. Otherwise the Commission, in its discretion, may proceed to investigate and determine the matters involved in such application without further or formal hearing. If because of an emer-gency a grant of temporary relief is found to be necessary before the expiration of the 15-day period, a hearing, upon a request filed within that period, may be held subsequently.

By the Commission.

[SEAL] GEORGE W. LAIRD, Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 54-7257; Filed, Sept. 15, 1954; 8:49 a. m.]

[4th Sec. Application 29678]

FIRE BRICK AND RELATED ARTICLES IN OFFICIAL TERRITORY

APPLICATION FOR RELIEF

SEPTEMBER 13, 1954.

The Commission is in receipt of the above-entitled and numbered application for relief from the long-and-shorthaul provision of section 4 (1) of the Interstate Commerce Act.

Filed by 'H. R. Hinsch, Agent, for carriers parties to schedules indicated below. Commodities involved: Fire brick, carbon refractory materials, clay, ground

fire, and related articles, carloads. Between: Points in official territory. including certain points in Missouri.

Grounds for relief: Rail competition, circuity, competition with motor carriers, and rates constructed on the basis of the short line distance formula.

Schedules filed containing proposed rates: H. R. Hinsch, Agent, I. C. C. No. 4240, supp. 45, and other schedules listed in appendix "A" of the application.

Any interested person desiring the

Commission to hold a hearing upon such application shall request the Commission in writing so to do within 15 days from the date of this notice. As provided by the general rules of practice of the Commission, Rule 73, persons other than applicants should fairly disclose their interest, and the position they intend to take at the hearing with respect to the application. Otherwise the Commission, in its discretion, may proceed to investigate and determine the matters involved in such application without further or formal hearing. If because of an emergency a grant of temporary relief is found to be necessary before the expiration of the 15-day period, a hearing, upon a request filed within that period, may be held subsequently.

By the Commission.

[SEAL] George W LAIRD, Secretary.

IF. R. Doc. 54-7258; Filed, Sept. 15, 1954; 8:49 a. m.]